



TECHCENTIAL

INTERNATIONAL LTD

特昇國際

特昇國際股份有限公司  
Techcential International Ltd

Handbook for 2026 Annual General Meeting

Date: 9:00am, 11 June 2026 (Physical Shareholders Meeting)

Venue: Primasia Conference & Business Center – FF Conference Room  
(15F, No 99, Fuxing North Road, Taipei Songshan District)

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## I. Meeting Procedures

Techcential International Ltd

2026 Annual General Meeting Procedures

1. Call the Meeting to Order
2. Chairperson Takes Chair
3. Chairperson Remarks
4. Report Items
5. Proposed Resolutions
6. Extraordinary Motions
7. Adjournment

## II. Meeting Agenda

# Techcential International Ltd

## Meeting Agenda of 2026 Annual General Meeting

Time: 9:00am, 11 June 2026, Thursday

Venue: Primasia Conference & Business Center – FF Conference Room (15F, No 99, Fuxing North Road, Taipei Songshan District)

Attendance: All members or their proxy holders

Chairperson: Eng Kai Pin, Chairman of the Company

1. Call the Meeting to Order
2. Chairperson Remarks
3. Report Items
4. Proposed Resolutions
5. Extraordinarily Motions
6. Adjournment

## 1. Report Items

### (1) Business Report of 2025.

Explanatory Notes: Please refer to Exhibits A (page 10-13) for Business Report of 2025.

### (2) Audit Committee Report for the year of 2025.

Explanatory Notes: Please refer to Exhibits B (page 14) for Audit Committee Report for the year of 2025.

### (3) 2025 Employee and Directors' Remuneration from Earnings.

Explanatory Notes: According to Article 14 of the Company's M&A, as approved by the Board of Directors, if the Company achieves pre-tax profits for the year, at least 3% shall be allocated as employee compensation, and no more than 5% as director compensation. However, if the Company has accumulated losses, the amount needed to cover such losses shall first be reserved before allocating employee and director compensation. The Company has a loss in 2025, and will not distribute remuneration to employees and director.

### (4) 2025 Director's remuneration report.

Explanatory Notes: Please refer to Exhibits C (page 15-16) for information regarding director's remuneration, including the remuneration policy as well as the details and amounts of individual remuneration.

## 2. Proposed Resolutions

(1) Consolidated Financial Statements and Business Report for the year of 2025.

Explanatory Notes:

(a) The Consolidated Financial Statements for the year 2025 has been completed by the Company and were audited by independent accountants, Ms. Charlotte Chao and Ms. Phyllis Chang of KPMG. Above reports have been reviewed and adopted by the Audit Committee and the Audit Committee has accordingly issued Audit Committee's Report.

(b) The 2025 Business Report is attached here to as Exhibits A (page 10-13). The accountant's audit report and the above-mentioned Consolidated Financial Statements are attached here to as Exhibits D (page 17-23).

(c) The above Resolution be and is hereby recommended for the shareholder's approval.

Resolutions:

(2) The appropriation of profit or loss for the year 2025.

Explanatory Notes:

(a) The Company's 2025 appropriation of profit or loss table was approved by the Board of Directors on March 12, 2026. Please refer to Exhibits E (page 24) for above-mentioned table.

Resolutions:

## 3. Extraordinary Motions

## 4. Adjournment

### III. Exhibits

## A. Business Report of 2025

Dear Shareholders

In 2025, the global economy remains under pressure from high interest rates and geopolitical tensions, with inflation and uneven consumer confidence slowing the pace of recovery. Nonetheless, as inflation stabilizes and monetary policies gradually normalize in certain economies, end-market sentiment is expected to improve. Amid ongoing trade frictions and tariff barriers, international buyers are accelerating supply chain diversification. The Company's production base in Malaysia provides a relative advantage by reducing exposure to major trade conflicts, enabling it to maintain stable customer relationships and capture selective order transfer opportunities arising from supply chain realignment.

Against this backdrop, the Company adheres to its strategic principles of "prudent management, operational flexibility, and continuous innovation," actively enhancing organizational resilience and operational efficiency to sustain growth amid an uncertain external environment. The following outlines the Company's 2025 operating results and its development direction for 2026:

### 1.1 2025 business report

In 2025, the global economic recovery remained subdued amid persistent inflation and high interest rates. The Company faced external challenges, including changes in U.S. tariff policies, fluctuations in freight rates, and the appreciation of the Malaysian ringgit. In response, management adopted a prudent and lean management approach, optimizing its order mix by reducing low-margin orders and focusing on high-potential RTA furniture products. The TC subsidiary participated in the Malaysia International Furniture Fair (MIFF) in Kuala Lumpur in March, strengthening brand visibility and market presence. Meanwhile, the Company launched new furniture series tailored to the Americas and e-commerce markets, which received positive market feedback. From a financial perspective, the Company suspended interim profit distribution in the first half of the year to preserve liquidity for future uncertainties.

In addition, to enhance long-term operational resilience and support ESG objectives, the Company invested in solar power generation facilities in the fourth quarter to mitigate future energy cost pressures. In line with prudent financial management and in response to external uncertainties, the Board of Directors suspended interim profit distribution to preserve sufficient working capital.

The company's overall operations in 2025 are as follows:

#### 1.1.1 Operating income

The Group's consolidated net revenue for 2025 amounted to NTD 1.028 billion, representing a decrease of approximately 12% compared to NTD 1.164 billion in 2024. The fluctuation in annual revenue primarily reflects the strategic adjustments implemented by management in response to the external operating environment.

- Proactive optimization of product mix: In response to margin pressure from the appreciation of the Malaysian ringgit, TC subsidiaries reduced low-margin orders and production to maintain operational stability. While this impacted short-term revenue, it enabled the Company to focus its resources on higher-value products.
- Market demand and flexible supply response: In the first half of the year, changes in U.S.

tariff policies increased market uncertainty, leading customers to adopt a conservative purchasing approach with lower inventory levels and slower shipment momentum. To maintain key customer relationships, the Group provided selective price concessions and flexible delivery support, resulting in a year-on-year decline in sales. The Group has since enhanced production scheduling and supply chain flexibility to better support “small-batch, frequent-order” and short lead-time demand.

#### 1.1.2 Net profit after tax

The Group’s net loss after tax attributable to owners of the parent company for 2025 amounted to NTD 21,434 thousand, representing a significant reduction of approximately 56% compared to the same period last year. Although still affected by external challenges, the improvement in overall profitability was primarily driven by the absence of major asset impairment losses in the current period (compared to approximately NTD 42.66 million in impairment losses related to EHL recognized in the prior year), resulting in a notable improvement in the Group’s earnings structure.

From an operating perspective, the Company’s gross margin was under pressure during the year, primarily due to the following three objective factors:

1. Impact of exchange rate fluctuations: In 2025, the MYR appreciated by approximately 10% against the USD. As the Group’s revenue is primarily USD-denominated, this resulted in translation effects when converted into local currency. Meanwhile, production costs are largely incurred in ringgit, further compressing pricing flexibility and profit margins.
2. Capacity utilization and inventory valuation: Lower customer demand led to reduced capacity utilization and higher fixed costs per unit. In addition, due to shipment delays and exchange rate impacts on selling prices, the Company recognized inventory write-downs and provisions for slow-moving stock in accordance with prudent accounting principles.
3. Increase in statutory labor costs: Following government policy changes, the minimum wage was raised to RM1,700 effective 1 February 2025, and a mandatory 2% EPF contribution for foreign workers was introduced in October 2025. As production scale has yet to achieve optimal efficiency, these statutory increases have further raised operating costs.

Affected by uncontrollable factors such as exchange rate fluctuations and rising regulatory costs, the Group recorded a net loss after tax for the period. Nevertheless, the financial position remains stable, and the loss has been effectively contained. Management will continue to strengthen cost control, enhance production automation, and optimize the product mix toward higher value-added products to improve resilience against external uncertainties and gradually restore profitability.

#### 1.1.3 Budget implementation

The financial forecast did not announce in 2025.

#### 1.1.4 Overview of research and development

The Group’s key research and development activities in 2025 are summarized as follows:

- Improvement of production process technologies, development of alternative raw materials, and introduction of automated machinery and equipment.
- Active development of new bedroom furniture series designs (i.e., ready-to-assemble furniture) in line with market demand, with a focus on enhancing product value-added.

### 1.1.5 Financial Position and Profitability Analysis

Unit : NTD Thousand

Item	2025	2024	Difference (%)
Operating revenues	1,027,775	1,164,364	(11.73)
Operating costs	911,142	1,027,517	(11.33)
Gross profit	116,633	136,847	(14.77)
Operating expenses	128,900	131,563	(2.02)
Operating income (loss)	(12,267)	5,284	(332.15)
Non-operating income and expenses	(9,027)	(52,966)	(82.96)
Profit before income tax	(21,294)	(47,682)	(55.34)
Income tax expense	206	7,228	(97.15)
Net profit for the year	(21,500)	(54,910)	(60.85)

### 1.2 Summary of the 2026 business plan

Although a recent U.S. court ruling has lifted certain extreme tariff restrictions and temporarily maintained a 15% tariff for 150 days, overall trade conditions remain highly uncertain. Market sentiment continues to be cautious, with most customers strictly adopting a “conservative procurement and very low inventory” strategy to manage cash flow risk. Ordering patterns have therefore shifted toward short lead times and small, frequent orders.

In response, the Group has implemented the following measures.

1. Flexible supply chain management: Production scheduling has been fully optimized to maximize manufacturing flexibility in order to meet urgent and short-lead-time orders.
  2. Cost control optimization: Through internal process streamlining and automation, the Group aims to offset margin pressures arising from tariff fluctuations and exchange rate volatility.
  3. Dynamic policy monitoring: The Group closely monitors policy developments following the 150-day tariff adjustment period and will adjust its market strategy in a timely manner.
- (1) Future Development Strategies: To respond to market changes and ensure sustainable growth, the Company will actively implement the following strategies:
- A. Market and product strategy: The Company will strengthen its presence in the U.S. and key existing customers while expanding into the Middle East and other emerging markets to diversify risk and support growth. It will also increase the share of in-house designed and ODM products to enhance product differentiation, value-added content, and overall competitiveness.
  - B. Production efficiency and cost management: The Company will optimize manufacturing processes and equipment utilization through data-driven management to improve efficiency and stability. It will also advance energy-saving, waste reduction, and green manufacturing initiatives to meet ESG requirements, reduce costs, and strengthen sustainability and competitiveness.
  - C. Supply chain and raw material management: The Company will expand local raw material trading in Malaysia to mitigate rising global material costs, reduce reliance on single sourcing, and enhance supply chain flexibility and stability.
- (2) Regulatory and Overall Business Environment:
- A. Changes in the U.S. market: Since 2024–2025, U.S. trade and tariff policies have remained a key risk to global markets and supply chains. In 2025, tariff adjustments and negotiations led to

reduced reciprocal tariff rates for certain countries, including Malaysia, easing export pressure. However, overall policy uncertainty persists and continues to affect supply chains, raw material costs, and demand volatility. The Group will closely monitor developments and adjust its strategies accordingly.

- B. Rising statutory labor costs in Malaysia: Following the RM1,700 minimum wage implementation in February 2025 and the introduction of a mandatory 2% EPF contribution for foreign workers in October 2025, labor costs have increased. In response, the Group will accelerate automation in production processes in 2026 to enhance productivity and offset rising statutory costs.
- (3) External competitive environment: The furniture industry remains a key segment of global trade, with intensifying market competition. The United States is a major import market, with supply primarily from Asia; China, Vietnam, and Indonesia together account for over 60% of imports, underscoring Asia’s central role in the global supply chain. In recent years, driven by changes in U.S.–China trade relations and tariff adjustments, China’s share of U.S. furniture imports has declined, while Southeast Asian countries such as Vietnam and Malaysia have continued to grow. Malaysia’s furniture exports to the U.S. have exceeded USD 1 billion, indicating further growth potential. In response to supply chain realignment and increasing global competition, the Company will continue to enhance product innovation and differentiation, leverage data-driven market analysis to capture demand shifts, and closely monitor trade and regulatory developments to adjust its strategy and maintain long-term competitiveness.

In summary, 2025 was a year of strategic adjustment amid challenging conditions. Although the Group recorded a net loss after tax, management proactively streamlined low-efficiency operations and contained loss exposure, strengthening the foundation for future recovery. Looking ahead to 2026, the Company will focus on “stability, efficiency, and sustainability,” with an emphasis on agile response to market changes, improved operational performance, and enhanced shareholder value. We sincerely thank all shareholders for their continued support and guidance, and wish you good health and prosperity.

Chairman : Eng Kai Pin



CEO : Eng Kai Jie



CFO : Tan Kok Bee



B. Audit Committee's Reports

特昇國際股份有限公司  
Techcential International Ltd

AUDIT COMMITTEE' S REVIEW REPORT

Date: 12 March 2026

To: Shareholder' s Annual General Meeting for Year 2026, Techcential International Ltd

Board of Directors has prepared the Company' s 2025 Business Report, Consolidated Financial Statement, and appropriation of profit and loss. The CPA firm of KPMG was retained to audit the Company' s Consolidated Financial Statements. KPMG has completed audit procedures and issued Audit Opinion. Business Report, Financial Statements, and profit allocation proposal have been reviewed and determined to be correct and accurate by Audit Committee members of the Company.

According to Article 14-4 of Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of Company Law, we hereby submit this report.

The Audit Committee, Chairman:

CHOU CHIH Yuan

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Mr Chou Chih Yuan

C. The Distribution of 2025 Director’s remuneration report

12 December 2025; Unit: NTD Thousand

Title	Name	Remuneration								Total Remuneration (A+B+C+D) as a % of Net Income		Relevant remuneration received by Directors who are also employees								Total Compensation (A+B+C+D+E+F+G) as a % of Net Income		Compensation Paid to Directors from
		Base Compensation (A)		Severance Pay and Pension (B)		Directors’ Remuneration (C) (Note 1)		Allowances (D)				Compensation, Bonuses, and Allowances (E)		Severance Pay and Pension (F)		Employees’ Bonuses (G)						
		The Company	Companies in the Consolidated Financial Report	The Company	Companies in the Consolidated Financial Report	The Company	Companies in the Consolidated Financial Report	The Company	Companies in the Consolidated Financial Report	The Company	Companies in the Consolidated Financial Report	The Company	Companies in the Consolidated Financial Report	The Company		Companies in the Consolidated Financial Report		The Company	Companies in the Consolidated Financial Report			
Director	Eng Synergy Management Sdn. Bhd. Representative: Eng Kai Pin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,016	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,016 (-14.07%)	-
Director	Surging Success Sdn. Bhd. Representative: Poa Keng Ling	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,781	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,781 (-8.31%)	-
Director	Liao Wei Chuan	359	359	-	-	-	-	3	3	362 (-1.69%)	362 (-1.69%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	362 (-1.69%)	362 (-1.69%)	-
Director	Chang Ming-Huang	239	239	-	-	-	-	14	14	253 (-1.18%)	253 (-1.18%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	253 (-1.18%)	253 (-1.18%)	-
Independent Director	Chou Chih Yuan	359	359	-	-	-	-	21	21	380 (-1.77%)	380 (-1.77%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	380 (-1.77%)	380 (-1.77%)	-
Independent Director	Huang Chi Jui	359	359	-	-	-	-	14	14	373 (-1.74%)	373 (-1.74%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	373 (-1.74%)	373 (-1.74%)	-
Independent Director	Tay Puay Chuan	349	349	-	-	-	-	16	16	365 (-1.70%)	365 (-1.70%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	365 (-1.70%)	365 (-1.70%)	-

1. Please describe the directors’ remuneration policy, system, standards, and structure, and describe the relationship between the amount of remuneration is linked to factors such as the responsibilities, risks, and time commitment.

The Company has established a Remuneration Committee responsible for formulating and regularly reviewing the performance evaluation and remuneration policies for directors and managerial officers. According to Article 14.4 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, if the Company generates profit in a given fiscal year, no less than three percent (3%) of the profit shall be allocated as employee compensation, and no more than five percent (5%) of the profit may be allocated as directors’ compensation. However, if the Company has accumulated losses, the amount required to offset such losses shall be reserved in advance. The term "employee compensation" as referred to in Article 14.4 shall be distributed in the form of shares or cash, and may include employees of subsidiaries who meet certain criteria, as determined by the Company’s Board of Directors. According to Article 7 of the “Remuneration Committee Charter,” the Company periodically evaluates the performance of its directors, supervisors, and managers

against established performance targets. Based on the evaluation results and by referencing industry compensation standards, the Committee determines remuneration for directors and managers. The proposed remuneration is reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and subsequently submitted to the Board for approval. At year-end, the Board Secretariat conducts assessments using the “Board Performance Evaluation Form” and the “Board Member Evaluation Form.” If the average score exceeds 80, directors’ compensation is allocated according to the Company’s Articles of Association. The “Board Member Performance Evaluation Form” further serves as a reference for the Compensation Committee in assessing individual remuneration. Directors’ compensation is also adjusted in consideration of prevailing economic conditions, future economic outlook, and risk levels, to enhance incentive.

2. In addition to the disclosures in the above table, remuneration received by the company’s directors in the most recent fiscal year for providing services to all companies included in the financial statements (such as serving as non-employee consultants): None.

## D. 2025 Consolidated Financial Statements and CPA's Audit Report Statements

### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Directors of Techcential International Limited:

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Techcential International Limited and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), International Accounting Standards ("IASs"), Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee ("IFRIC") or the former Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Code of Professional Ethics in the Republic of China ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. The auditor's judgment is that the key audit matter that should be communicated in the audit report is inventory evaluation.

For the accounting policies regarding inventory valuation, please refer to Note 4(h) Inventories in the consolidated financial statements; for the accounting estimates and assumptions uncertainty in inventory valuation, please refer to Note 5; for information on inventory valuation, please refer to Note 6(e).

#### **Notes to Readers**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

### **Description of key audit matter:**

The Group's principal activities are the manufacturing and sales of furniture. As of December 31, 2025, the inventory balance of \$182,206 thousand represented 24% of the total consolidated assets. Valuation of inventory was based on past experience and future sales forecasts, which involved the subjective judgment made by the top management. Therefore, the valuation of inventories was considered to be one of our key audit matters.

### **How the matter was addressed in our audit:**

Our audit procedures included:

- Assessing whether appropriate provision policies for inventories are applied.
- Assessing whether the Group's subsequent measurement of inventories has been evaluated in accordance with the Group's provision policy consistently.
- Assessing the appropriateness of the aging movement by examining the aging analysis of inventories, and relevant documents to verify the aging period.
- Understanding the sales prices adopted by the Group's management and the changes in market prices of inventories after the reporting date, then verifying the accuracy of the selling prices and the calculation of net realizable value through sample testing.

### **Management and governance responsibilities for consolidated financial statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs, IASs, interpretations as well as related guidance endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Group's governance unit (including the Audit Committee) is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken based on these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

#### **Notes to Readers**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

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1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the governance unit regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the governance unit with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the governance unit, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China)  
March 12, 2026

#### **Notes to Readers**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

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**(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)**  
**TECHCENTIAL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Consolidated Balance Sheets**

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

**(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024		Liabilities and Equity			
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
<b>Assets</b>								
11xx <b>Current assets:</b>					21xx <b>Current liabilities:</b>			
1100 Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(a))	\$ 314,747	41	270,919	36	2100 Short-term loans (notes 6 (f), (i), 7 and 8)	\$ 75,297	10	55,417 7
1110 Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (notes 6(b) and 7)	715	-	-	-	2120 Current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (notes 6(b), (l) and 7)	3,349	-	1,742 -
1170 Accounts receivable, net (notes 6(c) and (r))	72,660	10	105,902	14	2130 Current contract liabilities (note 6(r))	1,583	-	1,750 -
1200 Other receivables (note 6(d))	2,179	-	138	-	2170 Accounts payable	57,267	8	62,974 9
1220 Current tax assets	3,453	-	14,452	2	2200 Other payables	33,171	4	32,542 4
1310 Inventories (note 6(e))	182,206	24	170,877	23	2230 Current tax liabilities	483	-	231 -
1410 Prepayments	16,771	3	11,668	2	2280 Current lease liabilities (notes 6(j) and 7)	8,143	1	15,162 2
1479 Other current assets	505	-	729	-	2321 Convertible bonds payable, current portion (notes 6(b) and (l))	100,304	13	- -
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>593,236</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>574,685</b>	<b>77</b>	2322 Long-term loans, current portion (notes 6(f), (k), 7 and 8)	7,834	1	7,011 1
15xx <b>Non-current assets:</b>					2399 Other current liabilities	3,934	1	5,106 1
1600 Property, plant and equipment (notes 6(f), (g), (i), (k), 7 and 8)	118,479	16	121,659	16	<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>291,365</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>181,935 24</b>
1755 Right-of-use assets (notes 6(f), (g) and (j))	9,144	1	8,331	1	25xx <b>Non-Current liabilities:</b>			
1780 Intangible assets (note 6(h))	129	-	185	-	2500 Non-current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (notes 6(b) and (l))	-	-	2,322 -
1840 Deferred tax assets (note 6(n))	36,948	4	34,197	5	2531 Convertible bonds payable (notes 6(b) and (l))	-	-	97,952 13
1915 Prepayments for equipment (note 6(f) and (h))	-	-	433	-	2540 Long-term loans (notes 6 (f), (k), 7 and 8)	10,963	2	13,882 2
1920 Refundable deposits	4,545	1	8,637	1	2570 Deferred tax liabilities (note 6(n))	5,823	1	6,980 1
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>169,245</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>173,442</b>	<b>23</b>	2580 Non-current lease liabilities (notes 6(j) and 7)	1,909	-	3,616 -
					2670 Other non-current liabilities	7,367	1	4,108 1
					<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>	<b>26,062</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>128,860 17</b>
				2xxx <b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>317,427</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>310,795 41</b>	
				31xx <b>Equity attributable to owners of the Company (notes 6(l), (o) and (p)):</b>				
				3110 Common stock	354,785	46	354,785 47	
				3200 Capital surplus	98,252	13	98,252 13	
				3300 Retained earnings:				
				3310 Legal reserve	84	-	84 -	
				3320 Special reserve	-	-	20,585 3	
				3350 Unappropriated retained earnings (Accumulated deficit)	(49,262)	(7)	(48,413) (6)	
				Total retained earnings	(49,178)	(7)	(27,744) (3)	
				3400 Other equity interest:				
				3410 Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	46,372	6	18,545 2	
				3491 Other Equity - Employee Unearned Compensation	(2,074)	-	(3,629) -	
				Total other equity interest	44,298	6	14,916 2	
				<b>Total equity attributable to owners of the Company</b>	<b>448,157</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>440,209 59</b>	
				36xx <b>Non-controlling interests</b>	<b>(3,103)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(2,877) -</b>	
				3xxx <b>Total equity</b>	<b>445,054</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>437,332 59</b>	
1xxx <b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 762,481 100</b>		<b>748,127 100</b>	2-3xxx <b>Total liabilities and equity</b>	<b>\$ 762,481 100</b>		<b>748,127 100</b>	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

**TEHCENTIAL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**

**For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024**

**(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Share)**

		2025		2024	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	<b>Operating revenue (note 6(r))</b>	\$ 1,027,775	100	1,164,364	100
5000	<b>Operating costs (notes 6(e), (f), (g), (j), (m), 7 and 12)</b>	911,142	89	1,027,517	88
5900	<b>Gross profit from operations</b>	116,633	11	136,847	12
6000	<b>Operating expenses (notes 6(c), (f), (g), (h), (j), (m), (p), (s) 7 and 12):</b>				
6100	Selling expenses	53,051	5	54,588	5
6200	Administrative expenses	65,790	6	64,776	6
6300	Research and development expenses	11,724	1	12,938	1
6450	Reversal of expected credit loss	(1,665)	-	(739)	-
	<b>Total operating expenses</b>	128,900	12	131,563	12
6900	<b>Operating income (loss)</b>	(12,267)	(1)	5,284	-
7000	<b>Non-operating income and expenses (notes 6(f), (g), (j), (l) and (t)):</b>				
7100	Interest income	8,234	1	4,969	1
7010	Other income	1,344	-	1,762	-
7020	Other gains and losses	(11,991)	(1)	(52,606)	(4)
7050	Finance costs	(6,614)	(1)	(7,091)	(1)
	<b>Total non-operating income and expenses</b>	(9,027)	(1)	(52,966)	(4)
7900	<b>Loss before tax</b>	(21,294)	(2)	(47,682)	(4)
7950	<b>Less: Income tax benefit (note 6(n))</b>	206	-	7,228	1
8200	<b>Net loss</b>	(21,500)	(2)	(54,910)	(5)
8300	<b>Other comprehensive income (loss):</b>				
8360	<b>Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</b>				
8361	Foreign currency translation difference for foreign operations	27,667	3	48,682	4
8399	Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	-	-	-	-
8300	<b>Other comprehensive income (loss), net</b>	27,667	3	48,682	4
8500	<b>Total comprehensive income (loss)</b>	<b>\$ 6,167</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(6,228)</b>	<b>(1)</b>
	<b>Net profit (loss), attributable to:</b>				
8610	Owners of the Company	\$ (21,434)	(2)	(48,413)	(4)
8620	Non-controlling interests	(66)	-	(6,497)	(1)
		<b>\$ (21,500)</b>	<b>(2)</b>	<b>(54,910)</b>	<b>(5)</b>
	<b>Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:</b>				
8710	Owners of the Company	\$ 6,393	1	212	-
8720	Non-controlling interests	(226)	-	(6,440)	(1)
		<b>\$ 6,167</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(6,228)</b>	<b>(1)</b>
	<b>Basic loss per share (expressed in New Taiwan dollars) (note 6(q))</b>				
9750	Basic loss per share	<b>\$ (0.61)</b>		<b>(1.39)</b>	
9850	Diluted loss per share	<b>\$ (0.61)</b>		<b>(1.39)</b>	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

TEHCENTIAL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Equity attributable to owners of the parent company						Other equity		Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	Retained earnings					Total	Exchange differences on				
	Common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings (Accumulated deficit)		translation of foreign financial statements	Employee Unearned Compensation			
<b>Balance at January 1, 2024</b>	\$ 342,319	94,714	84	5,429	15,156	20,669	(30,080)	-	427,622	3,563	431,185
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:											
Special reserve	-	-	-	15,156	(15,156)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(48,413)	(48,413)	-	-	(48,413)	(6,497)	(54,910)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	48,625	-	48,625	57	48,682
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	(48,413)	(48,413)	48,625	-	212	(6,440)	(6,228)
Conversion of convertible bonds	8,966	2,891	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,857	-	11,857
Share-based payment transactions	3,500	647	-	-	-	-	-	(3,629)	518	-	518
<b>Balance at December 31, 2024</b>	<b>354,785</b>	<b>98,252</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>20,585</b>	<b>(48,413)</b>	<b>(27,744)</b>	<b>18,545</b>	<b>(3,629)</b>	<b>440,209</b>	<b>(2,877)</b>	<b>437,332</b>
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:											
Reversal of special reserve	-	-	-	(20,285)	20,285	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(21,434)	(21,434)	-	-	(21,434)	(66)	(21,500)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,827	-	27,827	(160)	27,667
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	(21,434)	(21,434)	27,827	-	6,393	(226)	(6,167)
Share-based payment transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,555	1,555	-	1,555
<b>Balance at December 31, 2025</b>	<b>\$ 354,785</b>	<b>98,252</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(49,262)</b>	<b>(49,178)</b>	<b>46,372</b>	<b>(2,074)</b>	<b>448,157</b>	<b>(3,103)</b>	<b>445,054</b>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

## TEHCENTIAL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2025	2024
<b>Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:</b>		
Loss before income tax	\$ (21,294)	(47,682)
<b>Adjustments:</b>		
<b>Adjustments to reconcile profit:</b>		
Depreciation expense	24,187	33,233
Amortization expense	96	46
Reversal of impairment loss on accounts receivable	(1,665)	(739)
Net loss on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(2,698)	7,115
Interest expense	6,614	7,091
Interest income	(8,234)	(4,969)
Share-based payments transaction	1,555	518
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(900)	398
Reclassification of property, plant and equipment to expenses	37	47
Impairment loss on non-financial assets	-	42,664
Loss on redemption of bonds payable	-	25
Gain on lease modifications	-	(265)
Reclassification of prepayments for equipment to expenses	63	-
Loss (gain) on disposal of right-of-use assets	(1,843)	1,163
<b>Total adjustments to reconcile profit</b>	<b>17,212</b>	<b>86,327</b>
<b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities:</b>		
<b>Changes in operating assets:</b>		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,900	1,216
Accounts receivable	34,907	5,210
Other receivables	(1,746)	(15)
Inventories	(11,329)	20,572
Prepayments	(5,103)	10,563
Other current assets	224	1,833
<b>Total changes in operating assets</b>	<b>19,853</b>	<b>39,379</b>
<b>Changes in operating liabilities:</b>		
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(1,632)	(4,737)
Contract liabilities	(167)	(299)
Accounts payable	(5,707)	(18,297)
Other payables	943	(5,886)
Other current liabilities	2,129	2,569
<b>Total changes in operating liabilities</b>	<b>(4,434)</b>	<b>(26,650)</b>
<b>Total changes in operating assets and liabilities</b>	<b>15,419</b>	<b>12,729</b>
<b>Total adjustments</b>	<b>32,631</b>	<b>99,056</b>
Cash inflow generated from operations	11,337	51,374
Interest received	7,939	4,939
Interest paid	(4,283)	(4,674)
Income taxes refund (paid)	8,826	(6,209)
<b>Net cash flows from operating activities</b>	<b>23,819</b>	<b>45,430</b>
<b>Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:</b>		
Disposal of financial assets at amortized cost	-	3,825
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(5,789)	(11,397)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	2,168	2,732
Decrease in refundable deposits	4,092	9,273
Acquisition of intangible assets	-	(121)
Decrease (increase) in prepayments for equipment	22	(393)
Proceeds from disposal of right-of-use assets	2,197	3,098
<b>Net cash flows used in investing activities</b>	<b>2,690</b>	<b>7,017</b>
<b>Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:</b>		
Increase in short-term loans	192,801	149,283
Decrease in short-term loans	(172,921)	(142,232)
Repayments of bonds	-	(1,100)
Proceeds from long-term loans	4,635	6,588
Repayments of long-term loans	(7,670)	(13,829)
Payment of lease liabilities	(20,365)	(25,305)
Increase (decrease) in other non-current liabilities	(42)	90
<b>Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities</b>	<b>(3,562)</b>	<b>(26,505)</b>
<b>Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>20,881</b>	<b>35,256</b>
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>43,828</b>	<b>61,198</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period</b>	<b>270,919</b>	<b>209,721</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<b>\$ 314,747</b>	<b>270,919</b>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

E. Appropriation of profit or loss Table for year 2025.

特昇國際股份有限公司2025年度盈虧撥補表  
Appropriation of profit or loss Table for year 2025



(Unit : NTD)

項目	Items	金額 Total
期初未分配盈餘	Beginning retained earnings	(27,828,047)
加：稅後淨利	Net loss after tax	(21,433,844)
減：提列法定盈餘公積	Statutory reserve (10%)	-
加：迴轉特別盈餘公積	Surplus reserve	-
減：提列特別盈餘公積	Surplus reserve	-
可供分配餘額	Distributable net profit	(49,261,891)
分配項目：上半年股息	Distributable items: Interim Dividend	-
分配項目：下半年股息	Distributable items: Cash Dividend	-
期末未分配盈餘	Ending retained earnings	(49,261,891)

註：本期無期中盈餘分配之情事。

Note: There is no interim profit distribution in this period.

董事長 Chairman :



經理人 CEO :



會計主管 CFO :



## IV. Appendix

#### A. Rules and Procedures of Shareholders' Meeting.

<b>Techcential International Ltd</b>	<b>Rules and Procedures of Shareholders' Meetings</b>	<b>Document No.: TIL/AGM</b>
		<b>Effective Date: 29 Jun 2022</b>
<b>特昇國際股份有限公司</b>	<b>股東會議事規則</b>	<b>Revision No: 4</b>
		<b>Page No : Page 3 of 39</b>

##### Article 1

In order to establish a good governance system and sound supervisory capabilities, and improve the supervision function, strengthen management function, these Rules are adopted pursuant to Article 5 of the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies so as to eligible for compliance.

##### Article 2

The rules of procedures for the Company's shareholders meetings, except as otherwise provided by law, regulation, or the articles of incorporation, shall be as provided in these Rules.

##### Article 3 (Convening shareholders meetings and shareholders meeting notice)

Unless otherwise provided by law or regulation, the Company's shareholders meetings shall be convened by the board of directors.

Changes to the method of convening the shareholders' meeting of the Company shall be subject to a resolution of the board of directors, and shall be made no later than before the notice of the shareholders' meeting is dispatched.

The Company shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting notice and proxy forms, and the origins of and explanatory materials relating to all proposals, including proposals for ratification, matters for deliberation, or the election or dismissal of directors, and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) before 30 days before the date of a regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of a special shareholders meeting.

The Company shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and upload them to the MOPS before 21 days before the date of the regular shareholders meeting or before 15 days before the date of the special shareholders meeting. However, if the paid-in capital of the listed company reaches more than NT \$10 billion at the end of the most recent fiscal year or the total foreign and mainland shareholding ratio in the shareholders' name book of the listed company reaches more than 30% at the end of the most recent fiscal year, the electronic file transmission shall be opened 30 days before the completion of the shareholders' regular meeting. In addition, before 15 days before the date of the shareholders meeting, the Company shall also have prepared the shareholders meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and made them available for review by shareholders at any time. The meeting agenda and supplemental materials shall also be displayed at the Company and the professional shareholder services agent designated.

The procedure manual and supplementary meeting materials mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall be provided to shareholders for reference on the day of the shareholders' meeting in the following ways:

1. If the company holds a physical shareholders meeting, it shall be distributed on the spot of the shareholders meeting.
2. If the company holds a video-assisted shareholders meeting, it shall be distributed on the spot of the shareholders meeting, and sent by telephone. Subfiles are sent to the video conferencing platform.
3. If the company holds a video conference of shareholders, it shall send the electronic file to the video conference platform tower.

<b>Techcential International Ltd</b>	<b>Rules and Procedures of Shareholders' Meetings</b>	<b>Document No.: TIL/AGM</b>
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The reasons for convening a shareholders meeting shall be specified in the meeting notice and public announcement. With the consent of the addressee, the meeting notice may be given in electronic form. Election or dismissal of directors, amendments to the articles of incorporation, reduction of capital, application for suspension of public offering, director's license to complete, transfer of surplus to increase capital, transfer of reserve to increase capital, the dissolution, merger, or demerger of the corporation, or any matter under Article 185, paragraph 1 of the Company Act, Article 26(1), Article 43(6) of the Securities Exchange Act, Article 56(1) and Article 60(2) of the Guidelines for dealing with the raising and issuance of securities by issuers. Issuers shall be set out in the notice of the reasons for convening the shareholders meeting. None of the above matters may be raised by an extraordinary motion. The main contents may be placed on the website designated by the security regulatory authority of the company, and the website address shall be specified in the notice.

The reasons for convening the shareholders' meeting have specified the general election of directors, supervisors and the date of their appointment. After the completion of the election, the same meeting shall not change the date of appointment by provisional motion or others means.

A shareholder holding 1 percent or more of the total number of issued shares may submit to the Company for discussion at a regular shareholders meeting, are limited to one item only, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda. In addition, when the circumstances of any subparagraph of Article 172(1), paragraph 4 of the Company Act apply to a proposal put forward by a shareholder, the board of directors may exclude it from the agenda.

The shareholder may proposal is a proposal to urge the company and promote the public interests for fulfil its social responsibility, in accordance with the relevant provisions of Article 172(1) of the Company Law, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda.

Prior to the book closure date before a regular shareholders meeting is held, the Company shall publicly announce that it will receive shareholder proposals, and the location and time period for their submission; the period for submission of shareholder proposals may not be less than 10 days.

Shareholder submitted proposals are limited to 300 words, and no proposal containing more than 300 words will be included in the meeting agenda. The shareholder making the proposal shall be present in person or by proxy at the regular shareholders meeting and take part in discussion of the proposal.

Prior to the date for issuance of notice of a shareholders meeting, the Company shall inform the shareholders who submitted proposals of the proposal screening results, and shall list in the meeting notice the proposals that conform to the provisions of this article. At the shareholders meeting the board of directors shall explain the reasons for exclusion of any shareholder proposals not included in the agenda.

#### Article 4

For each shareholders meeting, a shareholder may appoint a proxy to attend the meeting by providing the proxy form issued by the Company and stating the scope of the proxy's authorization.

A shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy for any given shareholders meeting, and shall deliver the proxy form to the Company before 5 days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate proxy forms are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail unless a declaration is made to cancel the previous proxy appointment.

<b>Techcential International Ltd</b>	<b>Rules and Procedures of Shareholders' Meetings</b>	<b>Document No.: TIL/AGM</b>
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<b>特昇國際股份有限公司</b>	<b>股東會議事規則</b>	<b>Revision No: 4</b>
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After a proxy form has been delivered to the Company, if the shareholder intends to attend the meeting in person or to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronically, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to the Company before 2 business days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.

After the power of attorney is delivered to the company, shareholders who wish to attend the shareholders' meeting by video conference shall notify the company in writing of the revocation of the proxy two days before the shareholders' meeting.

#### Article 5

The venue for a shareholders meeting shall be the premises of the Company, or a place easily accessible to shareholders and suitable for a shareholders meeting. The meeting may begin no earlier than 9 a.m. and no later than 3 p.m. Full consideration shall be given to the opinions of the independent directors with respect to the place and time of the meeting.

When the company convenes a video-conference shareholders meeting, it is not subject to the restriction on the venue of the preceding paragraph.

#### Article 6 (Preparation of documents such as signature book)

The Company shall specify in its shareholders meeting notices the time during which shareholder, solicitors, and entrusted agents (hereinafter referred to as shareholders) attendance registrations will be accepted, the place to register for attendance, and other matters for attention.

The time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, as stated in the preceding paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes prior to the time the meeting commences. The place at which attendance registrations are accepted shall be clearly marked and a sufficient number of suitable personnel assigned to handle the registrations. For the video conference of the shareholders' meeting, registration should be accepted on the video conference platform of the shareholders' meeting 30 minutes before the start of the meeting. Shareholders who have completed the registration shall be deemed to have attended the shareholders' meeting in person.

Shareholders shall attend shareholders meetings based on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other certificates of attendance. The Company may not arbitrarily add requirements for other documents beyond those showing eligibility to attend presented by shareholders. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification.

The Company shall furnish the attending shareholders with an attendance book to sign or attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in lieu of signing in.

The Company shall furnish attending shareholders with the meeting agenda book, annual report, attendance card, speaker's slips, voting slips, and other meeting materials. Where there is an election of directors, pre-printed ballots shall also be furnished.

When the government or a juristic person is a shareholder, it may be represented by more than one representative at a shareholders meeting. When a juristic person is appointed to attend as proxy, it may designate only one person to represent it in the meeting. If the shareholders' meeting is held by video

Techcential International Ltd	Rules and Procedures of Shareholders' Meetings	Document No.: TIL/AGM
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特昇國際股份有限公司	股東會議事規則	Revision No: 4
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conference, shareholders who wish to attend by video conference should register with the company two days before the shareholders' meeting.

If the shareholders' meeting is held by video conference, the company shall upload the procedure manual, annual report and other relevant materials to the video conference platform of the shareholders' meeting at least 30 minutes before the start of the meeting, and continue to disclose it until the end of the meeting.

Article 6-1 (Convening a video conference of the shareholders' meeting, and matters to be included in the convening notice)

When the company holds a video conference of the shareholders' meeting, the following matters shall be stated in the notice of convening the shareholders' meeting:

1. Shareholders' participation in video conferences and methods for exercising their rights.
2. Due to natural disasters, incidents or other force majeure circumstances, the handling of obstacles to the video conference platform or participating in video conferences should include at least the following:
  - (1) The time when the pre-occupation obstacle persists and cannot be ruled out and the meeting needs to be postponed or resumed, and the date when the meeting needs to be postponed or resumed.
  - (2) Shareholders who have not registered to participate in the original shareholders meeting by video conference shall not participate in the postponed or continued meeting.
  - (3) To hold a video-assisted shareholders meeting. If the video conference cannot be continued, after deducting the number of shares attending the shareholders meeting by video, the total number of shares attending the shareholders meeting reaches the statutory quota for the shareholders meeting. The shareholders meeting should continue and participate by video. Shareholders, whose number of shares present shall be included in the total number of shares of shareholders present, shall be deemed to abstain from voting on all the resolutions of the shareholders' meeting.
  - (4) In the event that all the motions have been announced, but no provisional motion has been made, the handling method.
3. To convene a video-conference shareholders meeting, and to specify appropriate alternative measures for shareholders who have difficulty participating in the shareholders' meeting by video-conference.

Article 7

If a shareholders meeting is convened by the board of directors, the meeting shall be chaired by the chairperson of the board. When the chairperson of the board is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the chairperson, the vice chairperson shall act in place of the chairperson; if there is no vice chairperson or the vice chairperson also is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the vice chairperson, the chairperson shall appoint one of the managing directors to act as chair, or, if there are no managing

directors, one of the directors shall be appointed to act as chair. Where the chairperson does not make such a designation, the managing directors or the directors shall select from among themselves one person to serve as chair.

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When a managing director or a director serves as chair, as referred to in the preceding paragraph, the managing director or director shall be one who has held that position for six months or more and who understands the financial and business conditions of the company. The same shall be true for a representative of a juristic person director that serves as chair.

It is advisable that shareholders meetings convened by the board of directors be chaired by the chairperson of the board in person and attended by a majority of the directors and at least one member of each functional committee on behalf of the committee. The attendance shall be recorded in the meeting minutes.

If a shareholders meeting is convened by a party with power to convene but other than the board of directors, the convening party shall chair the meeting. When there are two or more such convening parties, they shall mutually select a chair from among themselves.

The Company may appoint its attorneys, certified public accountants, or related persons retained by it to attend a shareholders meeting in a nonvoting capacity.

#### Article 8 (Evidence of the recording or video recording of the shareholders meeting process)

The Company, beginning from the time it accepts shareholder attendance registrations, shall make an uninterrupted audio and video recording of the registration procedure, the proceedings of the shareholders meeting, and the voting and vote counting procedures.

The recorded materials of the preceding paragraph shall be retained for at least 1 year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit, the recording shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

If the shareholders' meeting is held by video conference, the company shall record and preserve the shareholders' registration, registration, registration, questioning, voting and company vote counting results, etc., and make continuous and uninterrupted audio and video recording of the entire video conference.

The above-mentioned materials and audio and video recordings shall be properly preserved by the company during the period of existence, and the audio and video recordings shall be provided to those who are entrusted to handle video conference affairs for preservation.

If the shareholders' meeting is held by video conference, the company should record and record the background operation interface of the video conference platform.

#### Article 9

Attendance at shareholders meetings shall be calculated based on numbers of shares. The number of shares in attendance shall be calculated according to the shares indicated by the attendance book and

sign-in cards handed and the number of shares registered on the video conference platform in plus the number of shares whose voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronically.

The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time. However, when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may announce a postponement, provided that no more than two such postponements, for a combined total of no more than 1 hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending

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shareholders still represent less than one third of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned. If the shareholders' meeting is held by video conference, the company shall also announce the streaming meeting on the video conference platform of the shareholders' meeting.

If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, paragraph 1 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within 1 month. If the shareholders meeting is held by video conference, shareholders who wish to attend by video conference shall re-register with the company in accordance with Article 6.

When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending shareholders represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may resubmit the tentative resolution for a vote by the shareholders meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the Company Act.

#### Article 10

If a shareholders meeting is convened by the board of directors, the meeting agenda shall be set by the board of directors. The meeting shall proceed in the order set by the agenda, relevant motions (including provisional motions and amendments to original motions) shall be voted on a case-by-case basis. The Board of Meeting still includes in the agenda which may not be changed without a resolution of the shareholders meeting.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph apply mutatis mutandis to a shareholders meeting convened by a party with the power to convene that is not the board of directors.

The chair may not declare the meeting adjourned prior to completion of deliberation on the meeting agenda of the preceding two paragraphs (including extraordinary motions), except by a resolution of the shareholders meeting. If the chair declares the meeting adjourned in violation of the rules of procedure, the other members of the board of directors shall promptly assist the attending shareholders in electing a new chair in accordance with statutory procedures, by agreement of a majority of the votes represented by the attending shareholders, and then continue the meeting.

The chair shall allow ample opportunity during the meeting for explanation and discussion of proposals and of amendments or extraordinary motions put forward by the shareholders; when the chair is of the opinion that a proposal has been discussed sufficiently to put it to a vote, the chair may announce the discussion closed and call for a vote and arrange proper voting time.

#### Article 11 (Shareholder Speech)

Before speaking, an attending shareholder must specify on a speaker's slip the subject of the speech, his/her shareholder account number (or attendance card number), and account name. The order in which shareholders speak will be set by the chair.

A shareholder in attendance who has submitted a speaker's slip but does not actually speak shall be deemed to have not spoken. When the content of the speech does not correspond to the subject given on the speaker's slip, the spoken content shall prevail.

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Except with the consent of the chair, a shareholder may not speak more than twice on the same proposal, and a single speech may not exceed 5 minutes. If the shareholder's speech violates the rules or exceeds the scope of the agenda item, the chair may terminate the speech.

When an attending shareholder is speaking, other shareholders may not speak or interrupt unless they have sought and obtained the consent of the chair and the shareholder that has the floor; the chair shall stop any violation.

When a juristic person shareholder appoints two or more representatives to attend a shareholders meeting, only one of the representatives so appointed may speak on the same proposal.

After an attending shareholder has spoken, the chair may respond in person or direct relevant personnel to respond.

If the shareholders meeting is held by video conference, the shareholders participating by video conference may ask questions in text form on the video conference platform of the shareholders meeting after the chairman announces the meeting and before the announcement of the adjournment of the meeting. Items 1 to 5 do not apply to the limit of 200 words.

If the question mentioned in the preceding paragraph does not violate the regulations or does not exceed the scope of the proposal, it is advisable to expose the question on the video conference platform of the shareholders' meeting for public knowledge.

#### Article 12

Voting at a shareholders meeting shall be calculated based the number of shares.

With respect to resolutions of shareholders meetings, the number of shares held by a shareholder with no voting rights shall not be calculated as part of the total number of issued shares.

When a shareholder is an interested party in relation to an agenda item, and there is the likelihood that such a relationship would prejudice the interests of the Company, that shareholder may not vote on that item, and may not exercise voting rights as proxy for any other shareholder.

The number of shares for which voting rights may not be exercised under the preceding paragraph shall not be calculated as part of the voting rights represented by attending shareholders.

With the exception of a trust enterprise or a shareholder services agent approved by the competent securities authority, when one person is concurrently appointed as proxy by two or more shareholders, the voting rights represented by that proxy may not exceed 3 percent of the voting rights represented by the total number of issued shares. If that percentage is exceeded, the voting rights in excess of that percentage shall not be included in the calculation.

#### Article 13

A shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share held, except when the shares are restricted shares or are deemed nonvoting shares under Article 179, paragraph 2 of the Company Act.

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When the Company holds a shareholders meeting, it may allow the shareholders to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means. When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. Shareholders who exercise their voting rights in writing or by E-mail shall be deemed to have attended the shareholders' meeting in person. However, the provisional motion and amendment of the original case of the shareholder's meeting shall be deemed as waiver, and the capital stock company shall refrain from submitting the provisional motion and amendment of the original case.

A shareholder intending to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means under the preceding paragraph shall deliver a written declaration of intent to the Company before 2 days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate declarations of intent are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail, except when a declaration is made to cancel the earlier declaration of intent.

After a shareholder has exercised voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, in the event the shareholder intends to attend the shareholders meeting in person or by video, a written declaration of intent to retract the voting rights already exercised under the preceding paragraph shall be made known to the Company, by the same means by which the voting rights were exercised, before 2 business days before the date of the shareholders meeting. If the notice of retraction is submitted after that time, the voting rights already exercised by correspondence or electronic means shall prevail. When a shareholder has exercised voting rights both by correspondence or electronic means and by appointing a proxy to attend a shareholders meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail.

Except as otherwise provided in the Company laws and in the Company's articles of incorporation, the passage of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. At the time of a vote, for each proposal, the chair or a person designated by the chair shall first announce the total number of voting rights represented by the attending shareholders, followed by a poll of the shareholders. After the conclusion of the meeting, on the same day it is held, the results for each proposal, based on the numbers of votes for and against and the number of abstentions, shall be entered into the MOPS.

When there is an amendment or an alternative to a proposal, the chair shall present the amended or alternative proposal together with the original proposal and decide the order in which they will be put to a vote. When any one among them is passed, the other proposals will then be deemed rejected, and no further voting shall be required.

Vote monitoring and counting personnel for the voting on a proposal shall be appointed by the chair, provided that all monitoring personnel shall be shareholders of the Company.

Vote counting for shareholders meeting proposals or elections shall be conducted in public at the place of the shareholders meeting. Immediately after vote counting has been completed, the results of the voting, including the statistical tallies of the numbers of votes, shall be announced onsite at the meeting, and a record made of the vote.

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The company convened a video conference of the shareholders' meeting. Shareholders who participated by video should conduct voting on various resolutions and voting on election proposals through the video conference platform after the chairman announces the meeting. The voting should be completed before the chairman announces the close of voting. deemed a waiver.

If the shareholders meeting is held by video conference, after the chairman announces the close of voting, the votes shall be counted at one time, and the voting and election results shall be announced.

When the company holds a video-assisted shareholders meeting, shareholders who have registered to attend the shareholders' meeting by video-conference in accordance with the provisions of Article 6, who wish to attend the physical shareholders' meeting in person, shall cancel the registration in the same manner as the registration two days before the shareholders' meeting; Those who cancel within the time limit can only attend the shareholders' meeting by video conferencing.

Those who exercise their voting rights in writing or electronically without revoking their intentions and participate in the shareholders' meeting by video conferencing shall not exercise their voting rights on the original proposal or propose amendments to the original proposal or exercise the voting rights for amendments to the original proposal, except for temporary motions.

#### Article 14

The election of directors at a shareholders meeting shall be held in accordance with the applicable election and appointment rules adopted by the Company, and the voting results shall be announced onsite immediately, including the names of those elected as directors and the numbers of votes with which they were elected.

The ballots for the election referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be sealed with the signatures of the monitoring personnel and kept in proper custody for at least 1 year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit, the ballots shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

#### Article 15

Matters relating to the resolutions of a shareholders meeting shall be recorded in the meeting minutes. The meeting minutes shall be signed or sealed by the chair of the meeting and a copy distributed to each shareholder within 20 days after the conclusion of the meeting. The meeting minutes may be produced and distributed in electronic form.

The Company may distribute the meeting minutes of the preceding paragraph by means of a public announcement made through the MOPS.

The meeting minutes shall accurately record the year, month, day, and place of the meeting, the chair's full name, the methods by which resolutions were adopted, and a summary of the deliberations and their results, (include weights of statistics) when a director of supervisor is elected, the number of votes for each candidate shall be disclosed, and shall be retained for the duration of the existence of the Company.

If the shareholders' meeting is held by video conference, the minutes of the shareholders' meeting shall record the start and end time of the shareholders' meeting, the method of convening the meeting, the name of the chairman and the record, and the name of the chairman of the shareholders' meeting, as well as the events caused by natural disasters, incidents or another force majeure. The handling method and

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handling situation when an obstacle occurs to the video conferencing platform or participation by video conferencing.

In addition to complying with the provisions of the preceding paragraph when convening a video conference of shareholders, the company shall also specify in the minutes of the meeting the alternative measures provided by shareholders who have difficulty participating in video conference.

#### Article 16 (External announcement)

On the day of a shareholders meeting, the Company shall compile in the prescribed format a statistical statement of the number of shares obtained by solicitors through solicitation, the number of shares represented by proxies and the number of shares attended by shareholders in writing or electronically, and shall make an express disclosure of the same at the place of the shareholders meeting. If the shareholders' meeting is held by video conference, the company shall upload the above-mentioned information to the video conference platform of the shareholders' meeting at least 30 minutes before the start of the meeting, and continue to disclose it until the end of the meeting.

The company holds a video conference of the shareholders' meeting. When announcing the meeting, the total number of shareholders' shares present shall be disclosed on the video conference platform. The same shall apply if the total number of shares and voting rights of the shareholders attending the meeting are otherwise counted during the meeting.

If matters put to a resolution at a shareholders meeting constitute material information under applicable laws or regulations or under Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (or GreTai Securities Market) regulations, the Company shall upload the content of such resolution to the MOPS within the prescribed time period.

#### Article 17

Staff handling administrative affairs of a shareholders meeting shall wear identification cards or arm bands.

The chair may direct the proctors or security personnel to help maintain order at the meeting place. When proctors or security personnel help maintain order at the meeting place, they shall wear an identification card or armband bearing the word "Proctor".

At the place of a shareholders meeting, if a shareholder attempts to speak through any device other than the public address equipment set up by the Company, the chair may prevent the shareholder from so doing.

When a shareholder violates the rules of procedure and defies the chair's correction, obstructing the proceedings and refusing to heed calls to stop, the chair may direct the proctors or security personnel to escort the shareholder from the meeting.

#### Article 18

When a meeting is in progress, the chair may announce a break based on time considerations.

If a force majeure event occurs, the chair may rule the meeting temporarily suspended and announce a time when, in view of the circumstances, the meeting will be resumed.

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If the meeting venue is no longer available for continued use and not all of the items (including extraordinary motions) on the meeting agenda have been addressed, the shareholders meeting may adopt a resolution to resume the meeting at another venue.

A resolution may be adopted at a shareholders meeting to defer or resume the meeting within 5 days in accordance with Article 182 of the Company Act.

Article 19 (Disclosure of Video Conference Information)

If the shareholders' meeting is held by video conference, the company shall immediately disclose the voting results and election results of various proposals on the video conference platform of the shareholders' meeting in accordance with the regulations, and shall continue to disclose for at least 15 minutes after the chairman announces the adjournment of the meeting.

Article 20 (Location of the Chairman of the Video Shareholders' Meeting and the Recording Officer)

When the company holds a video-video shareholders meeting, the chairman and the recorder shall be at the same place in China, and the chairman shall announce the address of the place at the time of the meeting.

Article 21 (Disconnection Handling)

If the shareholders' meeting is held by video conference, the company may provide a simple connection test for shareholders before the meeting, and provide relevant services immediately before and during the meeting to assist in handling technical communication problems.

If the shareholders' meeting is held by video conference, the chairman shall, when announcing the opening of the meeting, separately announce that there is no need to postpone or continue the meeting, except for the cases stipulated in Paragraph 24, Article 44-24 of the Stock Management Standards for Public Offering Companies, that the chairman announces the meeting. Before the meeting, due to natural disasters, incidents or other force majeure events, if there is an obstacle to the video conference platform or participation by video, which lasts for more than 30 minutes, the date of the meeting should be postponed or renewed within five days. The first company law does not apply the provisions of Article 182.

In the event of the occurrence of the preceding paragraph, the meeting shall be postponed or continued. Shareholders who have not registered to participate in the original shareholders meeting by video conference shall not participate in the postponed or continued meeting.

In accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 2, the meeting should be postponed or continued. Shareholders who have registered to participate in the original shareholders meeting by video and have completed the registration, but who do not participate in the postponed or continued meeting, the number of shares attended at the original shareholders meeting, the voting rights exercised and Voting rights

When the shareholders meeting is postponed or reconvened in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 2, it is not necessary to re-discuss and resolve the resolutions for which the voting and counting of votes have been completed, and the voting results or the list of elected directors and supervisors are announced.

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The company convened a video-assisted shareholders meeting, and when the second paragraph cannot be continued, if the total number of shares attended by video conference still reaches the statutory quota for the shareholders' meeting after deducting the number of shares attended by video-conferencing, the shareholders' meeting shall continue. There is no need to postpone or renew the assembly in accordance with the second paragraph.

In the event that the meeting should be continued in the preceding paragraph, the shareholders who participate in the shareholders' meeting by video conference, the number of shares attended shall be included in the total number of shares of the shareholders present, but all the resolutions of the shareholders' meeting shall be regarded as abstention.

The company shall postpone or renew the meeting in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 2, and shall handle the relevant matters in accordance with the provisions set forth in Article 44-27 of the Standards for the Handling of Shares of Companies Offering Shares, the date of the original shareholders' meeting and the provisions of each of these articles' pre-work.

The latter paragraph of Article 12 and Paragraph 3 of Article 13 of the Rules for the Use of Power of Attorney for Public Offering Companies to Attend Shareholders' Meetings, and Paragraph 2 of Article 44-5 and Article 44-10 of the Guidelines for the Handling of Share Transactions of Public Offering Companies 5. During the period specified in Paragraph 1 of Article 44-17, the Company shall postpone or renew the date of the shareholders' meeting in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 2.

#### Article 22 (Processing of Digital Drop)

When the company convenes a video conference of shareholders, it shall provide appropriate alternatives for shareholders who have difficulty in attending the shareholders meeting by video.

#### Article 23

These Rules, and any amendments hereto, shall be implemented after adoption by shareholders meetings.

B. Company M&A

COMPANIES ACT (REVISED)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

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SIXTH AMENDED AND RESTATED MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

TECHCENTIAL INTERNATIONAL LTD

特昇國際股份有限公司

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(Adopted by a special resolution passed on 13 June 2024)

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THE COMPANIES ACT (REVISED)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

**SIXTH AMENDED AND RESTATED MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION**

**OF**

**TECHCENTIAL INTERNATIONAL LTD**

**特昇國際股份有限公司**

**(Adopted by a special resolution passed on 13 June 2024)**

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1. The name of the Company is Techcential International Ltd 特昇國際股份有限公司.
2. The Company's registered office will be situated at the office of Harneys Fiduciary (Cayman) Limited, 4th Floor, Harbour Place, 103 South Church Street, P.O. Box 10240, Grand Cayman, KY1-1002, Cayman Islands, or at such other place in the Cayman Islands as the Directors may from time to time decide.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are unrestricted and the Company shall have full power and authority to carry out any object not prohibited by any law as provided by Section 7(4) of THE COMPANIES ACT (Revised).
4. The Company shall have and be capable of exercising all the functions of a natural person of full capacity irrespective of any question of corporate benefit as provided by Section 27 (2) of THE COMPANIES ACT (Revised).
5. Nothing in the preceding sections shall permit the Company to carry on the business of a bank or trust company without being licensed in that behalf under the Banks and Trust Companies Law (Revised) or to carry on insurance business from within the Cayman Islands or the business of an insurance manager, agent, sub-agent or broker without being licensed in that behalf under the Insurance Law (Revised) or to carry on the business of company management without being licensed in that behalf under the Companies Management Law (Revised).
6. The Company will not trade in the Cayman Islands with any person, firm or corporation except in furtherance of the business of the Company carried on outside the Cayman Islands, but nothing in this paragraph shall be so construed as to prevent the Company effecting and concluding contracts in the Cayman Islands and exercising in the Cayman Islands any of its powers necessary for the carrying on of its business outside the Cayman Islands.
7. The liability of each Member is limited to the amount from time to time unpaid on such Member's shares.
8. The authorised share capital of the Company is New Taiwan Dollars 500,000,000 divided into 50,000,000 ordinary shares of a par value of New Taiwan Dollars 10.00 each provided always that subject to the provisions of THE COMPANIES ACT (as amended) and the Articles of Association of the Company.



Association the Company shall have power to redeem or purchase any of its shares and to subdivide or consolidate the said shares or any of them and to issue all or any part of its capital whether original, redeemed, increased or reduced with or without any preference, priority or special privilege or subject to any postponement of rights or to any conditions or restrictions whatsoever and so that unless the conditions of issue shall otherwise expressly provide every issue of shares whether stated to be Ordinary, Preference or otherwise shall be subject to the powers on the part of the Company hereinbefore provided

9. If the Company is registered as exempted, its operations will be carried on subject to the provisions of Section 174 of THE COMPANIES ACT (as amended).
10. Capitalised terms that are not defined in this Memorandum of Association bear the same meaning as those given in the Articles of Association of the Company and the interpretations section of the Articles of Association of the Company shall apply to this Memorandum of Association.



**COMPANIES ACT (REVISED)**

**COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES**

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**SIXTH AMENDED AND RESTATED ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

**OF**

**TEHCENTIAL INTERNATIONAL LTD**  
特昇國際股份有限公司

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(Adopted by a special resolution passed on 13 June 2024)



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THE COMPANIES ACT (REVISED)  
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

**SIXTH AMENDED AND RESTATED ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

**OF**

**TEHCENTIAL INTERNATIONAL LTD**  
**特昇國際股份有限公司**

**(Adopted by a special resolution passed on 13 June 2024)**

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**Table A**

The regulations in Table A in the First Schedule to the Law (as defined below) do not apply to the Company.

**INTERPRETATION**

**1. Definitions**

**1.1** In these Amended and Restated Articles, the following words and expressions shall, where not inconsistent with the context, have the following meanings, respectively:

- |                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (i) Applicable Law                   | the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Law or such other rules or legislation applicable to the Company;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| (ii) Applicable Public Company Rules | the ROC laws, rules and regulations (including, without limitation, the Company Law of the ROC, the Securities and Exchange Law of the ROC, the rules and regulations promulgated by the FSC, the rules and regulations promulgated by the TPEX and the rules and regulations promulgated by the TSE, as amended from time to time) affecting public reporting companies or companies listed on any ROC stock exchange or securities market that from time to time are required by the relevant regulator as applicable to the Company; |
| (iii) Articles                       | the Articles of Association as altered from time to time;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| (iv) Audit Committee                 | the audit committee of the Board, which shall comprise solely of all the Independent Directors of the Company;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| (v) Board                            | the board of directors appointed or elected pursuant                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |



- to the Articles and acting at a meeting of directors at which there is a quorum in accordance with the Articles;
- (vi) Capital Reserve for the purpose of the Articles only, comprises of the premium paid on the issuance of any share and income from endowments received by the Company under the Law;
- (vii) Chairman the Director elected amongst all the Directors as the chairman of the Board;
- (viii) Company Techcential International Ltd 特昇國際股份有限公司;
- (ix) Compensation Committee a committee of the Board, which shall be comprised of professional individuals and having the functions, in each case, prescribed by the Applicable Public Company Rules;
- (x) Cumulative Voting the voting mechanism for an election of Directors as described in Article 35.2 hereof;
- (xi) Directors the directors for the time being of the Company and shall include any and all Independent Director(s);
- (xii) Electronic Record has the same meaning as in the Electronic Transactions Law;
- (xiii) Electronic Transactions Law the Electronic Transactions Law (2003 Revision) of the Cayman Islands;
- (xiv) ESM the emerging stock market of the ROC;
- (xv) Family Relationship within Second Degree of Kinship in respect of a person, means another person who is related to the first person either by blood or by marriage of a member of the family and within the second degree shall include the parents, siblings, grandparents, children and grandchildren of the first person as well as the parents, siblings and grandparents of the first person's spouse;
- (xvi) FSC the Financial Supervisory Commission of the ROC;
- (xvii) Independent Directors the Directors who are elected as "Independent Directors" in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules or the Articles;
- (xviii) Joint Operation Contract a contract between the Company and one or more person(s) or entit(ies) where the parties thereto agree to pursue the same business venture and jointly bear losses and enjoy profits arising out of such business venture in accordance with the terms thereof;
- (xix) Law THE COMPANIES ACT (as amended) of the



	Cayman Islands and every modification, reenactment or revision thereof for the time being in force;
(xx) Lease Contract	a contract or arrangement between the Company and any other person(s) pursuant to which such person(s) lease or rent from the Company the necessary means and assets to operate the whole business of the Company in the name of such person, and as consideration, the Company receives a pre-determined compensation from such person;
(xxi) Litigious and Non-Litigious Agent	a person appointed by the Company pursuant to the Applicable Law as the Company's process agent for purposes of service of documents in the relevant jurisdiction and the Company's responsible person in the ROC under the Securities and Exchange Law of the ROC;
(xxii) Management Contract	a contract or arrangement between the Company and any other person(s) pursuant to which such person(s) manage and operate the business of the Company in the name of and for the benefit of the Company, and as consideration, such person(s) receive a pre-determined compensation from the Company while the Company continues to be entitled to the profits (or losses) of such business;
(xxiii) Market Observation Post System	the public company reporting system maintained by the TSE;
(xxiv) Member	the person registered in the Register of Members as the holder of shares in the Company and, when two or more persons are so registered as joint holders of shares, means the person whose name stands first in the Register of Members as one of such joint holders or all of such persons, as the context so requires;
(xxv) Memorandum	the memorandum of association of the Company;
(xxvi) Merger	means : (a) a "merger" or "consolidation" as defined under the Law ; or  (b) other forms of mergers and acquisitions which fall within the definition of "merger and/or consolidation" under the Applicable Public Company Rules;
(xxvii) month	calendar month;
(xxviii) Notice	written notice as further provided in the Articles unless otherwise specifically stated;
(xxix) Officer	any person appointed by the Board to hold an



(xxx) Ordinary Resolution	office in the Company; a resolution passed at a general meeting (or, if so specified, a meeting of Members holding a class of shares) of the Company by not less than a simple majority vote of the Members present at the meeting, in person or by proxy;
(xxxvi) Preferred Shares	has the meaning given thereto in Article 6;
(xxxvii) Private Placement	means, for so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the private placement by the Company of shares or other securities of the Company as permitted by the Applicable Public Company Rules;
(xxxviii) Register of Directors and Officers	the register of directors and officers referred to in Article 42 hereof;
(xxxix) Register of Members	the register of members of the Company maintained in accordance with the Law and (as long as the shares of the Company are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE) the Applicable Public Company Rules;
(xl) Registered Office	the registered office for the time being of the Company;
(xli) Related Parties	has the meaning as set out in No. 24 of the International Accounting Standard;
(xlii) Restricted Shares	has the meaning given thereto in Article 2.5;
(xliiii) ROC	Taiwan, the Republic of China;
(xliiii) Seal	the common seal or any official or duplicate seal of the Company;
(xli) Secretary	the person appointed to perform any or all of the duties of secretary of the Company and includes any deputy or assistant secretary and any person appointed by the Board to perform any of the duties of the Secretary;
(xli) share(s)	share(s) of par value New Taiwan Dollars 10.00 each in the Company;
(xlii) Special Resolution	Subject to the Law, means a resolution passed at a general meeting of the Company by a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast by such Members who, being entitled to do so, vote in person or by their proxies, or, in the case of Members that are corporations or other non-natural person, by their duly authorised representatives by computing the number of votes to which each Member is entitled;
(xliiii) Subsidiary	with respect to any company, (1) the entity, more than one half of whose total number of the issued



	voting shares or the total amount of the share capital are directly or indirectly held by such company; or (2) the entity that such company has a direct or indirect control over its personnel, financial or business operation;
(xlv) Supermajority Resolution	a resolution passed by a majority vote of the Members present at a general meeting attended by Members who represent two-thirds or more of the total issued shares or, if the total number of shares represented by the Members present at the general meeting is less than two-thirds of the total issued shares, but more than one half of the total issued shares, means instead, a resolution passed by two-thirds or more of votes cast by the Members present at such general meeting;
(xlv) Treasury Shares	means shares of the Company held in treasury pursuant to the Law and the Articles;
(xlvi) TDCC	the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation;
(xlvii) TPEX	the Taipei Exchange;
(xlviii) TSE	the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation; and
(xlix) year	calendar year.

**1.2** In the Articles, where not inconsistent with the context:

- (a) words denoting the plural number include the singular number and vice versa;
- (b) words denoting the masculine gender include the feminine and neuter genders;
- (c) words importing persons include companies, associations or bodies of persons whether corporate or not;
- (d) the words:-
  - (i) "may" shall be construed as permissive; and
  - (ii) "shall" shall be construed as imperative;
- (e) "written" and "in writing" include all modes of representing or reproducing words in visible form, including the form of an Electronic Record;
- (f) a reference to statutory provision shall be deemed to include any amendment or re-enactment thereof;
- (g) unless otherwise provided herein, words or expressions defined in the Law shall bear the same meaning in the Articles; and
- (h) Section 8 of the Electronic Transactions Law shall not apply to the extent that it imposes obligations or requirements in addition to those set out in the Articles.

1.3 In the Articles expressions referring to writing or its cognates shall, unless the contrary intention appears, include facsimile, printing, lithography, photography, electronic mail and other modes of representing words in visible form.

1.4 Headings used in the Articles are for convenience only and are not to be used or relied upon



in the construction hereof.

## SHARES

### 2. Power to Issue Shares

- 2.1 Subject to the Applicable Law, Articles and any resolution of the Members to the contrary, and without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any existing shares or class of shares, the Board shall have the power to issue any unissued shares of the Company on such terms and conditions as it may determine and any shares or class of shares (including the issue or grant of options, warrants and other rights, renounceable or otherwise in respect of shares) may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital, or otherwise as the Company may by resolution of the Members prescribe, provided that no share shall be issued at a discount except in accordance with the Law and the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 2.2 Unless otherwise provided in the Articles, the issue of new shares of the Company shall be approved by a majority of the Directors at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors. The issue of new shares shall at all times be subject to the sufficiency of the authorized capital of the Company.
- 2.3 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, where the Company increases its issued share capital by issuing new shares for cash consideration in the ROC, the Company shall allocate 10% of the total amount of the new shares to be issued, for offering in the ROC to the public ("**Public Offering Portion**") unless it is not necessary or appropriate, as determined by the FSC or the TPEX or TSE (as the case may be) for the Company to conduct the aforementioned public offering or otherwise provided by Applicable Law. However, if a percentage higher than the aforementioned 10% is resolved by the Members in a general meeting by Ordinary Resolution to be offered, the percentage determined by such resolution shall prevail and shares corresponding to such percentage shall be reserved as Public Offering Portion. The Company may also reserve 10% to 15% of such new shares for subscription by the employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries (the "**Employee Subscription Portion**"). The Company may prohibit such employees from transferring the shares so subscribed within a certain period; provided, however, that such a period cannot be more than two years.
- 2.4 Unless otherwise resolved by the Members in general meeting by Ordinary Resolution, where the Company increases its issued share capital by issuing new shares for cash consideration pursuant to Article 2.3 hereof, after allocation of the Public Offering Portion, including, for the avoidance of doubt, any percentage in excess of 10% of the total amount of the new shares to be issued for offering in the ROC to the public as resolved by the Members in general meeting be offered pursuant to Article 2.3, and the Employee Subscription Portion pursuant to Article 2.3 hereof, the Company shall make a public announcement and notify each Member in writing that he is entitled to exercise a pre-emptive right to purchase his pro rata portion of the remaining new shares, to be issued in the capital increase for cash consideration. The Company shall state in such announcement and notices to the Members the procedures for exercising such pre-emptive rights and that if any Member fails to purchase his pro rata portion of such remaining newly-issued shares within the prescribed period, such Member shall be deemed to forfeit his pre-emptive right to purchase such newly-issued shares. Where an exercise of the pre-emptive right may result in fractional entitlement of a Member, the entitlements (including fractional entitlements) of two or more Members may be combined to jointly subscribe for one or more whole new shares in the name of a single Member, subject

to compliance with such directions and terms and conditions as determined by the Board and the Applicable Public Company Rules. If the total number of the new shares to be issued has not been fully subscribed for by the Members within the prescribed period, the Company may consolidate such shares into the public offering tranche or offer any un-subscribed new shares to a specific person or persons in such manner as is consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

a. When the Company issue new shares, where subscriber delays payment for new shares, the Company shall fix a period of not less than one month and call upon each subscriber to pay up, declaring that in case of default of payment within the stipulated period their right shall be forfeited.

b. After the Company have made the aforesaid call, the subscribers who fail to pay accordingly shall forfeit their rights and the shares subscribed by them shall be otherwise sold.

2.5 Subject to the Applicable Law, the Company may issue new shares with restricted rights ("**Restricted Shares**") to employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries with the sanction of a Supermajority Resolution provided that Article 2.3 hereof shall not apply in respect of the issue of such shares. For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the terms of issue of Restricted Shares, including but not limited to the number of Restricted Shares so issued, issue price of Restricted Shares and other related matters shall be in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

2.6 The pre-emptive right of Members under Article 2.4 shall not apply in the event that new shares are issued due to the following reasons or for the following purposes:

- (a) in connection with a Merger, spin-off, or pursuant to any reorganization of the Company;
- (b) in connection with meeting the Company's obligations under share subscription warrants and/or options, including those rendered in Articles 2.8 and 2.11 hereof;
- (c) in connection with the issue of Restricted Shares in accordance with Article 2.5 hereof;
- (d) in connection with meeting the Company's obligations under convertible bonds or corporate bonds vested with rights to acquire shares;
- (e) in connection with meeting the Company's obligations under Preferred Shares vested with rights to acquire shares; or
- (f) in connection with Private Placement of the securities issued by the Company.

2.7 The Company shall not issue any unpaid shares or partly paid-up shares.

2.8 Notwithstanding Article 2.5 hereof, the Company may, upon approval by a majority of the Directors at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors, adopt one or more employee incentive programmes and may issue shares or options, warrants or other similar instruments, to employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries, and for the avoidance of doubt, resolution of the Members is not required.

2.9 Options, warrants or other similar instruments issued in accordance with Article 2.8 above are not transferable save by inheritance.



- 2.10** Directors of the Company and its Subsidiaries shall not be eligible for Restricted Shares pursuant to Article 2.5 hereof or the incentive programmes pursuant to Article 2.8 hereof, provided that directors who are also employees of the Company or its Subsidiaries may subscribe for Restricted Shares or participate in an incentive programme in their capacity as an employee and not as a director of the Company or its Subsidiaries.
- 2.11** The Company may enter into agreements with employees of the Company and/or the employees of its Subsidiaries in relation to the incentive programme approved pursuant to Article 2.8 above, whereby employees may subscribe for, within a specific period, a specific number of the shares. The terms and conditions of such agreements shall be no less restrictive on the relevant employee than the terms specified in the applicable incentive programme.

### **3. Redemption and Purchase of Shares**

- 3.1** Subject to the Law and Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company is authorised to issue shares which are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company or a Member.
- 3.2** Subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company is authorised to make payments in respect of the redemption of its shares out of capital or out of any other account or fund authorised for this purpose in accordance with the Law.
- 3.3** The redemption price of a redeemable share, or the method of calculation thereof, shall be fixed by the Board at or before the time of issue.
- 3.4** Every share certificate relating to redeemable share shall indicate that the share is redeemable.
- 3.5** Subject to the Applicable Law and the Articles, the Company may, upon approval by a majority of the Directors at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors, purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) on such terms and in such manner as the Directors may determine and hold them as Treasury Shares in accordance with the Applicable Law PROVIDED THAT if any purchase of the Company's own shares involves any immediate cancellation of shares of the Company, such repurchase of shares is subject to approval by the Members by way of an Ordinary Resolution and the number of shares of the Company to be cancelled shall be allocated among all the Members as of the date of such cancellation on a pro rata basis (as rounded up or down to the nearest whole number as determined by the Directors) based on the then prevailing percentage of shareholding of the Members, unless otherwise provided for in the Law or the Applicable Public Company Rules.

Upon approval by Members by way of an Ordinary Resolution to repurchase and cancel shares of the Company, the repurchase price may be paid in any manner authorized by the Law, including in cash or in kind, provided that where any repurchase price is to be paid in kind, the monetary equivalent value of such payment in kind shall be (a) assessed by an ROC certified public accountant before being submitted by the Board to the Members for approval as part of the Ordinary Resolution authorising the repurchase and cancellation of shares of the Company; and (b) agreed to individually by each Member who will be receiving the repurchase price in kind. Without prejudice to this Article 3.5, in the case of a repurchase of shares by the Company for purposes of changing the currency denomination of share capital of the Company, consent of the holders of the shares subject to such repurchase shall not be required.



- 3.6** In the event that the Company proposes to purchase any share traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE pursuant to the preceding Article, the resolution of the Board approving such proposal and the implementation thereof should be reported to the Members in the next general meeting in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. Such reporting obligation shall also apply even if the Company does not implement the proposal to purchase its shares traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE for any reason.
- 3.7** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Company is authorised to purchase any share traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE in accordance with the following manner of purchase:
- (a) the total price of the shares purchased by the Company shall not exceed the sum of retained earnings minus earnings distribution resolved by the Board or the general meeting, plus the following realized capital reserve:
    - (i) the premium received from the disposal of assets that has not been booked as retained earnings;
    - (ii) the premium paid on the issuance of any share and income from endowments received by the Company provided however that income from the shares shall not be included before such shares have been transferred to others;
  - (b) the maximum number of shares purchased by the Company shall not exceed ten percent of the total number of issued and outstanding shares of the Company; and
  - (c) the purchase shall be at such time, at such price and on such other terms as determined and agreed by the Board in its sole discretion provided however that:
    - (i) such purchase transactions shall be in accordance with the laws and regulations of the ROC relating to securities transactions and Applicable Public Company Rules; and
    - (ii) such purchase transactions shall be in accordance with the Law.
- 3.8** Subject to Article 3.5 and the Applicable Public Company Rules, the redemption or repurchase price may be paid in any manner permissible under the Law as determined by the Board.
- 3.9** A delay in payment of the redemption price shall not affect the redemption but, in the case of a delay of more than thirty days, interest shall be paid for the period from the due date until actual payment at a rate which the Directors, after due enquiry, estimate to be representative of the rates being offered by banks holding “A” licenses (as defined in the Banks and Trust Companies Law (Revised) of the Cayman Islands) in the Cayman Islands for thirty day deposits in the same currency.
- 3.10** The Directors may exercise as they think fit the powers conferred on the Company by Section 37(5) of the Law (payment out of capital) but only if and to the extent that the redemption could not otherwise be made (or not without making a fresh issue of shares for this purpose).
- 3.11** Subject as aforesaid, the Directors may determine, as they think fit all questions that may arise concerning the manner in which the redemption of the shares shall or may be effected.
- 3.12** No share may be redeemed unless it is fully paid-up.



- 3.13** The Board may designate as Treasury Shares any of its shares that it purchases or redeems, or any shares surrendered to it, in accordance with the Applicable Law.
- 3.14** No dividend may be declared or paid, and no other distribution (whether in cash or otherwise) of the Company's assets (including any distribution of assets to Members on a winding up of the Company) may be made to the Company in respect of a Treasury Share.
- 3.15** The Company shall be entered in the Register of Members as the holder of the Treasury Shares provided that:
- (a) the Company shall not be treated as a Member for any purpose and shall not exercise any right in respect of the Treasury Shares, and any purported exercise of such a right shall be void;
  - (b) a Treasury Share shall not be voted, directly or indirectly, at any meeting of the Company and shall not be counted in determining the total number of issued shares at any given time, whether for the purposes of the Articles or the Law.
- 3.16** After the Company purchases the shares traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, any proposal to transfer the Treasury Shares to the employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries at a price below the average actual repurchase price must be approved by Special Resolution in the next general meeting and the items required by the Applicable Public Company Rules shall be specified in the notice of the general meeting and may not be proposed as an extemporary motion. The aggregate number of Treasury Shares resolved at all general meetings and transferred to the employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries shall not exceed 5% of the total issued shares, and each employee may not subscribe for more than 0.5% of the total issued shares in aggregate. The Company may prohibit such employees from transferring such Treasury Shares within a certain period; provided, however, that such a period cannot be more than two years.
- 3.17** Subject to Article 3.16 and the Applicable Public Company Rules, Treasury Shares may be disposed of by the Company on such terms and conditions in accordance with the Applicable Law as determined by the Directors.

#### **4. Rights Attaching to Shares**

Subject to Article 2.1, the Memorandum and the Articles, other contractual obligations or restrictions that the Company is bound by and any resolution of the Members to the contrary and without prejudice to any special rights conferred thereby on the holders of any other shares or class of shares, the share capital of the Company shall be divided into shares of a single class the holders of which shall, subject to the provisions of the Articles:

- (a) be entitled to one vote per share;
- (b) be entitled to such dividends as recommended by the Board and approved by the Members at general meeting;
- (c) in the event of a winding-up or dissolution of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary or for the purpose of a reorganization or otherwise or upon any distribution of capital, be entitled to the surplus assets of the Company; and
- (d) generally be entitled to enjoy all of the rights attaching to shares.

#### **5. Share Certificates**



- 5.1** The Company may issue shares in uncertificated/scripless form or issue share certificates. Where share certificates are issued, every Member shall be entitled to a certificate issued under the Seal (or a facsimile thereof), which shall be affixed or imprinted with the authority of the Board, specifying the number and, where appropriate, the class of shares held by such Member. The Board may by resolution determine, either generally or in a particular case, that any or all signatures on certificates may be printed thereon or affixed by mechanical means. For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, shares of the Company shall be issued in uncertificated/scripless form unless the issuance of share certificates is required by the provisions of the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 5.2** If any share certificate shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Board to have been worn out, lost, mislaid, or destroyed the Board may cause a new certificate to be issued and request an indemnity for the lost certificate if it sees fit.
- 5.3** Share may not be issued in bearer form.
- 5.4** When the Company shall issue share certificates pursuant to Article 5.1 hereof, the Company shall deliver the share certificates to the subscribers within thirty (30) days from the date such share certificates may be issued pursuant to the Law, the Memorandum, the Articles, and the Applicable Public Company Rules, and shall make a public announcement prior to the delivery of such share certificates pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 5.5** Where the Company shall issue the shares in uncertificated/scripless form, the Company shall upon the issue of such shares cause the name of the subscriber and other particulars to be entered onto the Register of Members in accordance with the Law and the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 5.6** A company choosing to issue no par value shares shall not convert its shares into par value shares; likewise, a company that adopts no-par value shares cannot convert to par value shares.

## **6. Preferred Shares**

- 6.1** The Company may by Special Resolution designate one or more classes of shares with preferred or other special rights as the Company, by Special Resolution, may determine (shares with such preferred or other special rights, the "Preferred Shares"), and amend the Memorandum and these Articles as appropriate to reflect the designation of shares as Preferred Shares and the rights and obligations attached thereto.
- 6.2** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the rights and obligations of Preferred Shares may include (but not limited to) the following terms and shall be consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules:
- (a) the order of priority and fixed amount or fixed ratio of allocation of dividends and bonus on Preferred Shares;
  - (b) the order of priority and fixed amount or fixed ratio of allocation of surplus assets of the Company;
  - (c) the order of priority for or restriction on the voting right(s) (including declaring no voting rights whatsoever) of the Members holding the Preferred Shares;
  - (d) the method by which the Company is authorized or compelled to redeem the Preferred Shares, or a statement that redemption rights shall not apply; and
  - (e) other matters concerning rights and obligations incidental to Preferred Shares.



## REGISTRATION OF SHARES

### 7. Register of Members

- (a) For so long as shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Board shall cause to be kept a Register of Members which may be kept outside the Cayman Islands at such place as the Directors shall appoint and which shall be maintained in accordance with the Law and the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- (b) In the event that the Company has shares that are not traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Company shall also cause to be kept a register of such shares in accordance with Section 40 of the Law.

### 8. Registered Holder Absolute Owner

Except as required by law:

- (a) no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share on any trust; and
- (b) no person other than the Member shall be recognised by the Company as having any right in a share.

### 9. Transfer of Registered Shares

- 9.1 Title to shares traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE may be evidenced and transferred in a manner consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules (including through the book-entry system of the TDCC).
- 9.2 All transfers of shares which are in certificated form may be effected by an instrument of transfer in writing in any usual form or in any other form which the Board may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, if the Board so requires, by or on behalf of the transferee. Without prejudice to the foregoing, the Board may also resolve, either generally or in any particular case, upon request by either the transferor or transferee, to accept mechanically executed transfers. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an instrument of transfer shall not be required for a repurchase of shares by the Company for purposes of changing the currency of share capital of the Company.
- 9.3 The Board may refuse to recognise any instrument of transfer in respect of shares in certificated form unless it is accompanied by the certificate in respect of the shares to which it relates and by such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer.
- 9.4 The joint holders of any share may transfer such share to one or more of such joint holders, and the surviving holder or holders of any share previously held by them jointly with a deceased Member may transfer any such share to the executors or administrators of such deceased Member.
- 9.5 The Board may in its absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor refuse to register the transfer of a share in certificated form in the event such registration of transfer would (i) conflict with the Applicable Law; or (ii) conflict with the Memorandum and/or the Articles. If the Board refuses to register a transfer of any share, the Secretary shall, within three months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company, send to the transferor and transferee notice of the refusal.

### 10. Transmission of Registered Shares



- 10.1** In the case of the death of a Member, the survivor or survivors where the deceased Member was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased Member where the deceased Member was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to the deceased Member's interest in the shares. Nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by such deceased Member with other persons. Subject to the provisions of Section 39 of the Law, for the purpose of this Article, legal personal representative means the executor or administrator of a deceased Member or such other person as the Board may, in its absolute discretion, decide as being properly authorised to deal with the shares of a deceased Member.
- 10.2** Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of any Member may be registered as a Member upon such evidence as the Board may deem sufficient or may elect to nominate some person to be registered as a transferee of such share.
- 10.3** On the presentation of the evidence as the Board may require to prove the title of the transferor, the transferee shall be registered as a Member. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board shall, in any case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration or refuse registration as stipulated in Article 9.3 hereof as it would have had in the case of a transfer of the share by that Member before such Member's death or bankruptcy, as the case may be.
- 10.4** Where two or more persons are registered as joint holders of a share or shares, then in the event of the death of any joint holder or holders the remaining joint holder or holders shall be absolutely entitled to the said share or shares and the Company shall recognise no claim in respect of the estate of any joint holder except in the case of the last survivor of such joint holders.

## **ORDINARY RESOLUTION, SPECIAL RESOLUTION AND SUPERMAJORITY RESOLUTION**

### **11. Alteration of Capital**

- 11.1** The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution alter the conditions of its Memorandum to:
- (a) increase its share capital by new shares of such sum, to be divided into shares of such classes and amount, as the resolution shall prescribe;
  - (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of a larger amount than its existing shares;
  - (c) convert all or any of its paid up shares into stock and reconvert that stock into paid up shares of any denomination;
  - (d) sub-divide its existing shares, or any of them into shares of a smaller amount provided that in the subdivision the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in case of the share from which the reduced share is derived and may by such resolution determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of the shares may have any such preferred, deferred or other rights or be subject to any such restrictions as compared with the other or others as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares; or



- (e) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

**11.2** The Board may settle as it considers expedient any difficulty which arises in relation to any consolidation and division under the last preceding Article and in particular but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing may issue certificates in respect of fractions of shares or arrange for the sale of the shares representing fractions and the distribution of the new proceeds of sale (after deduction of the expenses of such sale) in due proportion amongst the Members who would have been entitled to the fractions, and for this purpose the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares representing fractions to their purchaser or resolve that such net proceeds be paid to the Company for the Company's benefit. Such purchaser will not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor will his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the sale.

## **12. Special Resolution and Supermajority Resolution**

**12.1** Subject to the Law and the Articles, the Company may from time to time by Special Resolution:

- (a) change its name;
- (b) alter or add to the Articles;
- (c) alter or add to the Memorandum with respect to any objects, powers or other matters specified therein;
- (d) reduce its share capital and any capital redemption reserve fund; or
- (e) effect a Merger under the Law.

**12.2** Subject to the Law, the Company may, by Special Resolution, issue securities by way of Private Placement within the territory of the ROC in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules; provided that, for issuance of corporate bonds which do not involve the grant of a warrant, option, or right of conversion or otherwise grant the holders of the bonds the right to acquire equity or similar rights by way of Private Placement within the territory of the ROC, the Company may do so by resolution of the Board in different tranches within one year from the date of the resolution of the Board in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules.

**12.3** Subject to the Law and Article 12.4 hereof, the following actions by the Company shall require the approval of the Members by a Supermajority Resolution:

- (a) effecting any capitalization of distributable dividends and/or bonuses and/or any other amount prescribed under Article 17 hereof;
- (b) effecting any Merger (except for any Merger which falls within the definition of "merger" and/or "consolidation" under the Law, which requires the approval of the Company by Special Resolution only) or spin-off of the Company;
- (c) entering into, amend, or terminate any Lease Contract, Management Contract or Joint Operation Contract;
- (d) the transferring of the whole or any essential part of the business or assets of the Company; or



- (e) acquiring or assuming the whole business or assets of another person, which has a material effect on the Company's operation.

**12.4** Subject to the Law and Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company may be wound up voluntarily:

- (a) if the Company resolves by Ordinary Resolution that it be wound up voluntarily because the Company is unable to pay its debts as they fall due; or
- (b) if the Company resolves by Special Resolution that it be wound up voluntarily for reasons other than set out in Article 12.4(a) above.

**12.5** Subject to the Applicable Law, the Company may by Supermajority Resolution, distribute its Capital Reserve, in whole or in part, by issuing new shares which shall be distributed as bonus shares to its existing Members in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of them or by cash.

**12.6** After the Company become a listed company, if it participates in the ceasing to exist after consolidation or merger, general assignment, share conversion or splitting, which results in the termination of the listing, and the surviving, transferee, existing or newly established company is a non-listed company, it shall be subject to the consent of the shareholders of more than two-thirds of the total number of shares issued by the Company.

### **13. Variation of Rights Attaching to Shares**

If, at any time, the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, whether or not the Company is being wound-up, be varied with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a general meeting of the holders of the shares of the class. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any modification or alteration in the Articles is prejudicial to the preferential rights of any class of shares, such modification or alteration shall be adopted by a Special Resolution and shall also be adopted by a Special Resolution passed at a separate meeting of Members of that class of shares. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *pari passu* therewith. To any such meeting all the provisions of the Articles relating to general meetings shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

## **DIVIDENDS AND CAPITALISATION**

### **14. Dividends**

**14.1** The Board may, subject to approval by the Members by way of Ordinary Resolution or, in the case of Article 12.3(a), Supermajority Resolution and subject to the Articles and any direction of the Company in general meeting, declare a dividend to be paid to the Members in proportion to the number of shares held by them, and such dividend may be paid in cash or shares.

**14.2** Subject to the Applicable Law, no dividends or other distribution shall be paid except out of profits of the Company, realised or unrealised, out of share premium account or any reserve fund or account as otherwise permitted by the Law. Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to any shares, all dividends and other distributions shall be paid according to the number of the shares that a Member holds. If any share is issued on terms providing that



it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, that share shall rank for dividends accordingly.

- 14.3** Subject to the Law and this Article and except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to any shares, the Company may distribute yearly or 2<sup>nd</sup>-half year profits in accordance with a proposal for profits distribution approved by the Board and sanctioned by the Members by an Ordinary Resolution, in annual general meetings. The distribution of the Company's first half-yearly earnings shall be handled in accordance with Articles 14.9 and 14.10.
- 14.4** If there is profit (defined below) for the year, the Company shall set aside no less than one per cent (1%) of the profit as employee compensation and no more than 5 per cent (5%) of the profit as compensation for the Directors. However, if the Company has accumulated losses in previous years, it shall reserve an amount of the pre-tax profit for offsetting the accumulated losses. The employee compensation referred to in this Article 14.4 shall be distributed in the form of stock or cash and may be distributed to employees of the Company's Subsidiaries, if such employees satisfy certain qualifications as may be resolved by the Board from time to time. For the purpose of this Article 14.4, "profit" means the profit before tax and before the compensation for employees and Directors are set aside.
- 14.5** The Company is in the business of supplying customized products in a specific market and is in the growth stage. The Board shall prepare the dividend proposal by taking into account the profit of the year, overall development, financial plans, capital need, projection of the industry and the Company's prospects and so on and submit the proposal for the Members' approval. For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, if there are profits, in making the profits distribution recommendation, the Board shall set aside out of the profits of the Company for each financial year: (i) a reserve for payment of tax for the relevant financial year; (ii) an amount to offset losses incurred in previous years; and (iii) a special surplus reserve as required by the applicable securities authority of the ROC under the Applicable Public Company Rules. If there should be any remaining profits, subject to the discretion of the Directors, after combining all or part of the accumulated undistributed profits in the previous years and the reversed special surplus reserve, the combined amount shall be allocated as dividends to the Members in proportion to their shareholdings. Subject to the Law and the Applicable Public Company Rules, and after having considered the financial, business and operational factors of the Company, the dividends shall not be less than ten per cent (10%) of profit after tax of the relevant year, provided that if in any year, the Company has net loss or the amount of the accumulated undistributed profits is less than twenty per cent (20%) of the paid-in capital of the Company, the Company may not distribute any dividend to the Members. The distribution may be made by way of cash dividends or by way of stock dividends or a combination thereof, provided that, the cash dividends shall not be less than ten per cent (10%) of the total amount of dividends payable.
- 14.6** The Board shall fix any date as the record date for determining the Members entitled to receive any dividend or other distribution.
- 14.7** For the purpose of determining Members entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distributions, the Directors may provide that the Register of Members be closed for transfers for five (5) days before the relevant record date or such other period consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules subject to compliance with the Law.
- 14.8** No unpaid dividend shall bear interest as against the Company.
- 14.9** The Company may distribute earnings or offset losses after the first half of the financial year



**14.10** A proposal of the distribution of earnings or off-set of losses for the first half of the financial year, together with the business report and financial statements, shall be first reviewed by the Audit Committee and then be submitted to the Board of Directors for approval.

a. Before the Company distributes earnings in accordance with preceding section, it shall make provision of the applicable amount of income tax pursuant to applicable tax laws and regulations and offset cumulative losses (if any).

b. In accordance with the Article 14.10, the earnings distributing in the form of new shares to be issued by the company shall require the approval of the Members by a Supermajority Resolution; if the distribution of earnings is distributed in the form of cash, it shall be approved by resolution of the Board.

c. In accordance with the Article 14.10, the distribution of earnings or off-set of losses shall be based on the financial statements audited or reviewed by certified public accountant(s).

## **15. Capital Reserve and Power to Set Aside Profits**

**15.1** The Board may, before declaring a dividend, set aside out of the surplus or profits of the Company, such sum as it thinks proper as a reserve to be used to meet contingencies or for meeting the deficiencies for implementing dividend distribution plans or for any other purpose to which those funds may be properly applied. Pending application, such sums may be in the absolute discretion of the Directors either be employed in the business of the Company or invested in such investment as Directors may from time to time think fit, and need not be kept separate from other assets of the Company. The Directors may also, without placing the same to reserve, carry forward any profit which they decide not to distribute.

**15.2** Subject to any direction from the Company in general meeting, the Directors may on behalf of the Company exercise all the powers and options conferred on the Company by the Law in regard to the Capital Reserve.

## **16. Method of Payment**

**16.1** Any dividend, interest, or other monies payable in cash in respect of the shares may be paid by wire transfer to the Member's designated account or by cheque or draft sent through the post directed to the Member at such Member's address in the Register of Members, or to such person and to such address as the holder may in writing direct.

**16.2** In the case of joint holders of shares, any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or draft sent through the post directed to the address of the holder first named in the Register of Members, or to such person and to such address as the holder may in writing direct. If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any shares any one can give an effectual receipt for any dividend paid in respect of such shares.

**16.3** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the payment of any dividend shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules and the Law.

## **17. Capitalisation**

Subject to the Applicable Law and Article 12.3(a), the Board may capitalise any sum for the time



being standing to the credit of the Capital Reserve or other reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution by applying such sum in paying up unissued shares to be allotted as fully paid bonus shares pro rata to the Members.

## MEETINGS OF MEMBERS

### 18. Annual General Meetings

**18.1** The Company shall hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting within six months following the end of each fiscal year, which shall be called by the Board.

**18.2** Subject to the condition that the Board does not or is unable to convene a general meeting, the Audit Committee may, for the benefit of the company, call a general meeting when it is deemed necessary.

**18.3** Subject to Article 18.1, the annual general meeting of the Company may be held at such time and place as the Board shall determine. For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, unless otherwise provided by the Law, the general meetings shall be held in the ROC. If the Board resolves to hold a general meeting outside the ROC, the Company shall apply for the approval of the TPEX or TSE (as the case may be) within two days after the Board adopts such resolution. Where a general meeting is to be held outside the ROC, the Company shall engage a professional stock affairs agent in the ROC to handle the administration of such general meeting (including but not limited to the handling of the voting of proxies submitted by Members).

(a) The shareholders' meeting may be held by means of visual communication network or other methods promulgated by the central competent authority. Under the circumstances of calamities, incidents, or force majeure, the central competent authority may promulgate a ruling that authorizes a company, which has no above provision in its Articles of Incorporation, within a certain period of time can hold its shareholders' meeting by means of visual communication network or other promulgated methods.

(b) In case a shareholders' meeting is proceeded via visual communication network, the shareholders taking part in such a visual communication meeting shall be deemed to have attended the meeting in person.

(c) For the preceding two paragraphs, a public company shall be subject to prescriptions provided for by the competent authority in charge of securities affairs, including the prerequisites, procedures, and other compliance matters.

### 19. Extraordinary General Meetings

**19.1** General meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

**19.2** The Board may convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company whenever in their judgment such a meeting is necessary or is desirable.

**19.3** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Board shall on a Member's requisition as defined in Article 19.4 forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company.

**19.4** A Member's requisition set forth in Article 19.3 is a requisition of (a) one or more Members of the Company holding in the aggregate at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than three per cent (3%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company which as at that date



have been held by such Member(s) for at least one year, or (b) one or more Members of the Company holding in the aggregate at the date of deposit of the requisition more than fifty per cent (50%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company which as at that date have been held by such Member(s) for at least three months. The calculation of the holding period and the holding number of shares shall be based on the holding at the time of share transfer suspension date.

- 19.5** The Member's requisition must state in writing the matters to be discussed at the extraordinary general meeting and the reason therefor.
- 19.6** If the Board does not within fifteen (15) days from the date of the deposit of the Member's requisition dispatch the notice of an extraordinary general meeting, the requisitionists may themselves convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which general meetings may be convened by the Board. If it is proposed that the extraordinary general meeting be held outside the ROC, an application shall be submitted by such requisitionists to the TPEX or TSE (as the case may be) for its prior approval.

## **20. Notice**

- 20.1** Before the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, at least five days' notice of a general meeting shall be given to each Member entitled to attend and vote thereat, stating the date, place and time at which the meeting is to be held and the general nature of business to be conducted at the meeting.
- 20.2** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, at least thirty days' notice of an annual general meeting, and at least fifteen days' notice of an extraordinary general meeting shall be given to each Member entitled to attend and vote thereat, stating the date, place and time at which the meeting is to be held and the general nature of the business to be considered at the meeting. The notice may, as an alternative, be given by means of electronic transmission, after obtaining a prior written consent from the recipient(s) thereof.
- 20.3** Prior to the shares being traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the accidental omission to give notice of a general meeting to, or the non-receipt of a notice of a general meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting. For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the accidental omission to give notice of a general meeting to, or the non-receipt of a notice of a general meeting by, any person shall be handled in accordance with Article 23.4.
- 20.4** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Board shall fix a record date for determining the Members entitled to receive notice of and to vote at any general meeting of the Company in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules and close its Register of Members accordingly in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 20.5** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Company shall announce to the public the notice of a general meeting, the proxy instrument, agendas and materials relating to the matters to be reported and discussed in the general meetings, including but not limited to, election or discharge of Directors, in accordance with Article 20.2 hereof, and shall transmit the same via the Market Observation Post System in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules. If the voting power of a Member at a general meeting shall be exercised by way of a written ballot, the Company shall also send



the written document for the Member to exercise his voting power together with the above mentioned materials in accordance with Article 20.2. The Directors shall prepare a meeting handbook of the relevant general meeting and supplemental materials, which will be made available to all Members and shall be transmitted to the Market Observation Post System in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules twenty-one (21) days prior to the annual general meetings or, in the case of extraordinary general meetings, fifteen (15) days prior to such meeting. However, if the Company's paid-up capital reaches NT\$2 billion or more as of the end of the most recent fiscal year, or if the combined percentage of foreign and China shareholdings as recorded in the shareholders' register at the most recent fiscal year's general shareholders' meeting reaches 30% or more, the transmission of the previous electronic file shall be completed before 30 days prior to the date of the general shareholders' meeting.

**20.6** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the following matters shall be stated in the notice of a general meeting, with a summary of the major content to be discussed, and shall not be proposed as an extemporary motion:

- (a) election or discharge of Directors,
- (b) alteration of the Memorandum or Articles,
- (c) reduction of capital,
- (d) application for the approval of ceasing its status as a public company,
- (e) (i) dissolution, Merger, share swap or spin-off, (ii) entering into, amending, or terminating any Lease Contract, Management Contract or Joint Operation Contract, (iii) transfer of the whole or any essential part of the business or assets of the Company, and (iv) acquisition or assumption of the whole of the business or assets of another person, which has a material effect on the operations of the Company,
- (f) ratification of an action by Director(s) who engage(s) in business for himself or on behalf of another person that is within the scope of the Company's business (including but not limited to lifting Directors' and Officers' non-compete obligations),
- (g) distribution of the whole or part of the surplus profit of the Company in the form of new shares, capitalization of Capital Reserve and any other amount in accordance with Article 17,
- (h) making distributions of new shares or cash out of the Statutory Reserve, the premium received on the issuance of any shares and income from endowments received by the Company to its Members, and
- (i) Private Placement of any equity-related securities to be issued by the Company.

The essential contents may be posted on the website designated by the competent authority in charge of securities affairs or the company, and such website shall be indicated in the above notice.

**20.7** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Board shall keep the Memorandum and Articles, minutes of general meetings, financial statements, the Register of Members, and the counterfoil of any corporate bonds issued by the Company at the Registered Office (if applicable) and the Company's stock affairs agent located in the ROC. Members may request, from time to time, by submitting document(s) evidencing his interests involved and indicating the designated scope of the inspection, access to inspect, review or make copies of the foregoing documents. The company shall make such agent to provide Members with the access.



- 20.8** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Company shall make available all the statements and records prepared by the Board and the report prepared by the Audit Committee which will be submitted to the Members at the annual general meeting at the Registered Office (if applicable) and its stock affairs agent located in the ROC ten (10) days prior to such annual general meeting in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules. Members may inspect and review the foregoing documents from time to time and may be accompanied by their lawyers or certified public accountants for the purpose of such inspection and review.
- 20.9** The Board or other authorized conveners of general meeting may require the company or its stock affair agent to provide with the roster of shareholders.

## **21. Giving Notice**

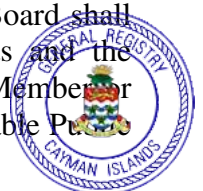
- 21.1** Any Notice or document, whether or not to be given or issued under the Articles from the Company to a Member, shall be in writing either by delivering it to such Member in person or by sending it by letter mail or courier service to such Member at his registered address as appearing in the Register of Members or at any other address supplied by him to the Company for the purpose or, as the case may be, by transmitting it to any such address. For the purposes of this Article, a notice may be sent via electronic means if so agreed to by the shareholder in writing.
- 21.2** Any Notice or other document shall be deemed to be effective when it is sent in accordance with Articles 20 and 21 of these Articles. Any Notice or document may be given to a Member either in the Chinese language or the English language, subject to due compliance with all Applicable Law, rules and regulations. This Article shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the service of any document by a Member on the Company under the Articles.

## **22. Postponement of General Meeting**

The Board may postpone any general meeting called in accordance with the provisions of the Articles provided that notice of postponement is given to each Member before the time for such meeting. A notice stating the date, time and place for the postponed meeting shall be given to each Member in accordance with the provisions of the Articles provided that in the event that the Members resolve to postpone the general meeting to a specified date which is not more than five days, Articles 20.1, 20.2, 20.3, 20.4, 20.5 and 21 do not apply and notice of the adjournment shall not be required.

## **23. Quorum and Proceedings at General Meetings**

- 23.1** No resolutions shall be adopted unless a quorum is present. Unless otherwise provided for in the Articles, Members present in person or by proxy or in the case of a corporate Member, by corporate representative, representing more than one-half of the total issued shares of the Company entitled to vote, shall constitute a quorum for any general meeting.
- 23.2** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Board shall submit business reports, financial statements and proposals for distribution of profits or allocation of losses prepared by it for the purposes of annual general meetings of the Company for ratification by the Members in a manner consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules. After ratification by the Members at the general meeting, the Board shall distribute copies of or announce to the public the ratified financial statements and the Company's resolutions on distribution of profits or allocation of losses, to each Member or otherwise make the same available to the Members in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.



- 23.3** Unless otherwise provided in the Articles, a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a poll.
- 23.4** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, if and to the extent permitted under the Law, nothing in the Articles shall prevent any Member from initiating proceedings in a court of competent jurisdiction for an appropriate remedy in connection with the convening of any general meeting or the passage of any resolution in violation of applicable laws or regulations or the Articles within 30 days after passing of such resolution. The Taiwan Taipei District Court, ROC, may be the court for adjudicating any disputes arising out of the foregoing.
- 23.5** Unless otherwise expressly required by the Law, the Memorandum or the Articles, any matter which has been presented for resolution, approval, confirmation or adoption by the Members at any general meeting may be passed by an Ordinary Resolution.
- 23.6** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, member(s) holding one per cent (1%) or more of the Company's total issued shares immediately prior to the relevant book close period, during which the Company closed its Register of Members, may propose to the Company in writing or by way of electronic transmission one matter for discussion at an annual general meeting. The Company shall give a public notice in such manner and at such time as permitted by Applicable Law specifying the place and a period of not less than ten (10) days for Members to submit proposals. Proposals submitted for discussion at an annual general meeting shall not be included in the agenda of the annual general meeting where (a) the proposing Member(s) holds less than one cent (1%) of the Company's total issued shares, (b) the matter of such proposal may not be resolved by a general meeting; (c) the proposing Member(s) has proposed more than one proposal or (d) the proposal is submitted to the Company after the date fixed and announced by the Company for accepting Member(s)' proposal(s).
- 23.7** The rules and procedures of general meetings shall be established by the Board and approved by an Ordinary Resolution, and such rules and procedures shall be in accordance with the Law, these Articles and the Applicable Public Company Rules.

## **24. Chairman to Preside**

- 24.1** In the event that the general meeting is convened by the Board, the Chairman shall act as chairman at all meetings of the Members at which such person is present. In his absence the Directors who are present at the meeting of Members shall elect one from among themselves to act as the chairman at such meeting in lieu of the Chairman.
- 24.2** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the chairman at all meetings of the Members shall be appointed or elected in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

## **25. Voting on Resolutions**

- 25.1** Subject to any rights, privileges or restrictions attached to any share, every Member who (being an individual) is present in person or by proxy or (in the case of a corporation or other non-natural person) by duly authorized corporate representative(s) or by proxy shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder. A Member who holds shares for benefit of others, need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he holds in the same way as he uses his votes in respect of shares he holds for himself. The qualifications, scope, methods of exercise, operating procedures and other matters with respect to exercising voting power separately shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules.



- 25.2** No person shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of a class of shares unless he is registered as a Member on the record date for such meeting nor unless he has paid all the calls on all shares held by such Member.
- 25.3** Votes may be cast either in person or by proxy. A Member may appoint another person as his proxy by specifying the scope of appointment in the proxy instrument prepared by the Company to attend and vote at a general meeting, provided that a Member may appoint only one proxy under one instrument to attend and vote at such meeting.
- 25.4** Subject to the Law, for so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Company shall provide the Members with a method for exercising their voting power by way of a written ballot or electronic transmission. The method for exercising such voting power shall be described in the general meeting notice to be given to the Members. Any Member who intends to exercise his voting power by way of a written ballot or by way of electronic transmission shall serve the Company with his voting decision at least two (2) days prior to the date of such general meeting. Where more than one voting decision are received from the same Member by the Company, the first voting decision shall prevail, unless an explicit written statement is made by the relevant Member to revoke the previous voting decision in the later-received voting decision. A Member who exercises his voting power at a general meeting by way of a written ballot or by electronic transmission shall be deemed to have appointed the chairman of the general meeting as his proxy to vote his shares at the general meeting only in the manner directed by his written instrument or electronic document. The chairman of the general meeting as proxy shall not have the power to exercise the voting rights of such Members with respect to any matters not referred to or indicated in the written or electronic document and/or any amendment to resolution(s) proposed at the said general meeting. For the purpose of clarification, such Members voting in such manner shall be deemed to have waived their voting rights with respect to any extemporary matters or amendment to resolution(s) proposed at the general meeting.
- 25.5** In the event any Member who intended to exercise his voting power by way of a written ballot or electronic transmission and has served his voting decision on the Company pursuant to Article 25.4 hereof later intends to attend the general meetings in person, he shall, at least two (2) days prior to the date of such general meeting, serve the Company with a separate notice revoking his previous voting decision. Such separate notice shall be sent to the Company in the same manner (e.g., by courier, registered mail or electronic transmission, as applicable) as the previous voting decision under Article 25.4 was given to the Company. Votes by way of a written ballot or electronic transmission shall remain valid if the relevant Member fails to revoke his voting decision before the prescribed time.
- 25.6** A Member who has served the Company with his voting decision in accordance with Article 25.4 for the purpose of exercising his voting power by way of a written ballot or by way of electronic transmission may appoint a person as his proxy to attend the meeting in accordance with the Articles, in which case the vote cast by such proxy shall be deemed to have revoked his previous voting decision served on the Company and the Company shall only count the vote(s) cast by such expressly appointed proxy at the meeting.

## **26. Proxies**

- 26.1** The instrument of proxy shall be in the form approved by the Board from time to time and be expressed to be for a particular meeting only. The form of proxy shall include at least the following information: (a) instructions on how to complete such proxy, (b) the matters to be voted upon pursuant to such proxy, and (c) basic identification information relating to the relevant Member, proxy and the solicitor (if any). The form of proxy shall be provided to the Members together with the relevant notice for the relevant general meeting, and such notice



and proxy materials shall be distributed to all Members on the same day.

- 26.2** An instrument of proxy shall be in writing, be executed under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or, if the appointor is a corporation or other non-natural person, under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised for that purpose. A proxy need not be a Member of the Company.
- 26.3** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules, except for an ROC trust enterprise or stock affair agents approved pursuant to Applicable Public Company Rules, save with respect to the Chairman being deemed appointed as proxy under Article 25.4, in the event a person acts as the proxy for two or more Members, the total number of issued and voting shares entitled to be voted as represented by such proxy shall be no more than three per cent (3%) of the total number of issued and voting shares of the Company immediately prior to the relevant book closed period, during which the Company close its Register of Member; any vote in respect of the portion in excess of such three per cent (3%) threshold shall not be counted.
- 26.4** In the event that a Member exercises his voting power by way of a written ballot or electronic transmission and has also authorised a proxy to attend a general meeting, then the voting power exercised by the proxy at the general meeting shall prevail. In the event that any Member who has authorised a proxy to attend a general meeting later intends to attend the general meeting in person or to exercise his voting power by way of a written ballot or electronic transmission, he shall, at least two (2) days prior to the date of such general meeting, serve the Company with a separate notice revoking his previous appointment of the proxy. Votes by way of proxy shall remain valid if the relevant Member fails to revoke his appointment of such proxy before the prescribed time.
- 26.5** The instrument of proxy shall be deposited at the Registered Office or the office of the Company's stock affairs agent in the ROC or at such other place as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company not less than five (5) days before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, save with respect to the Chairman being deemed appointed as proxy under Article 25.4. Where more than one instrument to vote are received from the same Member by the Company, the first instrument received shall prevail, unless an explicit written statement is made by the relevant Member to revoke the previous proxy in the later-received instrument.

## **27. Proxy Solicitation**

For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the use and solicitation of proxies shall be in compliance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, including but not limited to "Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meetings of Public Companies."

## **28. Dissenting Member's Appraisal Right**

**28.1** Subject to compliance with the Law, in the event any of the following resolutions is passed at general meetings, any Member who has notified the Company in writing of his objection to such matter prior to the meeting and has raised again his objection at the meeting, may request the Company to purchase all of his shares at the then prevailing fair price:

- (a) the Company proposes to enter into, amend, or terminate any Lease Contract, Management Contract or Joint Operation Contract;



- (b) the Company transfers the whole or an essential part of its business or assets, provided that, the foregoing does not apply where such transfer is pursuant to the dissolution of the Company; or
- (c) acquires or assumes the whole business or assets of another person, which has a material effect on the operation of the Company.

**28.2** In the event any part of the Company's business is spun off or involved in any Merger, any Member, who has abstained from voting in respect of such matter and expressed his dissent therefor, in writing or verbally (with a record) before or during the general meeting approving such spin off or Merger, may request the Company to purchase all of his shares at the then prevailing fair price.

**28.3** The shareholder filing a request under the preceding paragraph shall make it in writing within 20 days since the resolution of the general meeting was made, specify the price for buying back, and deposit certificates of her shares. If the company and shareholder reach an agreement about the price of buying back, the company shall pay for the shares within 90 days since the resolution of the general meeting was made. In case no agreement is reached, the company shall pay the fair price it has recognized to the dissenting shareholder who asks for a higher price within 90 days since the resolution of the general meeting was made. If the company did not pay, the company shall be considered to be agreeable to the price requested by the shareholder.

**28.4** In case of a shareholder who vote against or abstain from voting at the shareholders' meeting may request for redemption of company shares proceeded under Paragraph 28.1(d), if no agreement on the redemption price is adopted in the foregoing negotiation within 60 days from the date of adoption of the said resolution by the Shareholder meeting, the shareholders shall, within 30 days after such 60-day period, apply to the court for its decision on the redemption price by a court ruling. The Taiwan Taipei District Court, ROC, may be the court for this matter.

**28.5** Shares for which voting right has be waived in the preceding Paragraph shall not be counted in the number of votes of shareholders present at the meeting.

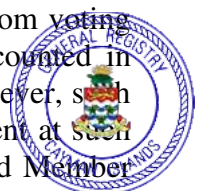
## **29. Shares that May Not be Voted**

### **29.1** Shares held:

- (a) by the Company itself;
- (b) by any entity in which the Company owns, legally or beneficially, more than fifty per cent (50%) of its total issued and voting share or share capital; or
- (c) by any entity in which the Company, together with (i) the holding company of the Company and/or (ii) any Subsidiary of (a) the holding company of the Company or (b) the Company owns, legally or beneficially, directly or indirectly, more than fifty per cent (50%) of its issued and voting share or share capital.

shall not carry any voting rights nor be counted in the total number of issued shares at any given time but only for so long as the circumstances as set out in sub-paragraphs (a) to (c) (as applicable) above continue.

**29.2** A Member who has a personal interest in any motion discussed at a general meeting, which interest may be in conflict with and impair those of the Company, shall abstain from voting such Member's shares in regard to such motion and such shares shall not be counted in determining the number of votes of the Members present at the said meeting. However, such shares may be counted in determining the number of shares of the Members present at such general meeting for the purposes of determining the quorum. The aforementioned Member



shall also not vote on behalf of any other Member.

**29.3** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, if the number of shares pledged by a Director at any time amounts to more than 50% of the total shares held by such Director at the time of his latest appointment, such pledged shares exceeding 50% of the total shares held by such Director at the time of his latest appointment, up to 50% of the total number of shares held by the Director at the time of his latest appointment, shall not carry any voting rights and such above-threshold shares shall not be counted in determining the number of votes of the Members present at a general meeting but shall be counted towards the quorum of the general meeting.

### **30. Voting by Joint Holders of Shares**

In the case of joint holders, the joint holders should appoint among themselves one person to exercise the rights of a shareholder pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules. In case no agreement is reached among the joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote (whether in person or by proxy) shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders, and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members.

### **31. Representation of Corporate Member**

**31.1** A corporation or non-natural person which is a Member may, by written instrument, authorise such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Members and any person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation or such non-natural person which such person represents as that corporation or non-natural person could exercise if it were an individual Member, and that Member shall be deemed to be present in person at any such meeting attended by its authorised representative or representatives.

**31.2** Notwithstanding the foregoing, the chairman of the meeting may accept such assurances as he thinks fit as to the right of any person to attend and vote at general meetings on behalf of a corporation or non-natural person which is a Member.

### **32. Adjournment of General Meeting**

The chairman of a general meeting may, with the consent of a majority in number of the Members present at any general meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall if so directed, adjourn the meeting. Unless the meeting is adjourned to a specific date, place and time announced at the meeting being adjourned and the meeting is adjourned for more than five (5) days, a notice stating the date, place and time for the resumption of the adjourned meeting shall be given to each Member entitled to attend and vote thereat in accordance with the provisions of the Articles.

### **33. Directors Attendance at General Meetings**

The Directors of the Company shall be entitled to receive notice of, attend and be heard at any general meeting.

## **DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS**

### **34. Number and Term of Office of Directors**

**34.1** The number of Directors shall be no less than seven (7) and no more than nine (9). The term of office for each Director shall not exceed a period of three (3) years provided that in the



event the expiration of the term of office of such Directors would otherwise leave the Company with no Directors, the term of office of such Directors shall be extended automatically to the date of the general meeting next following the expiration of such term, at which new Directors will be elected to assume office. Directors may be eligible for re-election. The Company may from time to time by Special Resolution increase or reduce the number of Directors, subject to the foregoing and the Applicable Law.

- 34.2** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the number of Directors having a spousal relationship or familial relationship within the second degree of kinship with any other Directors shall be less than half of the total number of Directors.
- 34.3** In the event that the Company convenes a general meeting for the election of Directors and any of the Directors elected does not meet the requirements provided in Article 34.2 hereof, the non-qualifying Director(s) who was elected with the fewest number of votes shall be deemed not to have been elected, to the extent necessary to meet the requirements provided for in Article 34.2 hereof. Any person who has already served as a Director but is in violation of the aforementioned requirements shall be automatically discharged from his office effective from such violation without any action required on behalf of the Company.
- 34.4** For so long as the shares traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, unless otherwise permitted under the Applicable Public Company Rules, there shall be at least three (3) Independent Directors. To the extent required by the Applicable Public Company Rules, at least one of the Independent Directors shall be domiciled in the ROC and at least one of them shall have accounting or financial expertise. Before the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Board may resolve that the Company shall hold an election of Independent Director(s) at the general meeting.
- 34.5** Prior to the shares being traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Directors (including Independent Directors) may be nominated by adopting the candidate nomination system specified in the Applicable Public Company Rules provided that the Directors (including Independent Directors) shall be nominated by adopting the candidate nomination system specified in the Applicable Public Company Rules for so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE.
- 34.6** Independent Directors shall have professional knowledge and shall maintain independence within the scope of their directorial duties, and shall not have any direct or indirect interests in the Company. The professional qualifications, restrictions on shareholdings and concurrent positions, and assessment of independence with respect to Independent Directors shall be consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

## **35. Election of Directors**

- 35.1** The Company may at a general meeting elect any person to be a Director, which vote shall be calculated in accordance with Article 35.2 below. Members present in person or by proxy, representing more than one-half of the total issued shares shall constitute a quorum for any general meeting to elect one or more Directors.
- 35.2** The Director(s) shall be elected by Members upon a poll vote by way of cumulative voting (the manner of voting described in this Article to be referred to as "**Cumulative Voting**") in the following manner:
- (a) on an election of Directors, the numbers of votes attached to each voting share held by a Member shall be cumulative and correspond to the number of Directors nominated for appointment at the general meeting;



- (b) the Member(s) may vote all or part of their cumulated votes in respect of one or more Director candidates;
- (c) such number of Director candidates receiving the highest number of votes in the same category (namely, independent or non-independent) of Directors to be elected shall be appointed; and
- (d) where two or more Director candidates in the same category receive the same number of votes and as a result the total number of new Directors in such category intended to be appointed is exceeded, there shall be a draw by such Director candidates receiving the same number of votes to determine who shall be appointed; the chairman of the meeting shall draw for a Director nominated for appointment who is not present at the general meeting.

**35.3** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, if the number of Independent Directors is less than three (3) persons due to the resignation or removal of such Independent Directors for any reason, the Company shall hold an election of Independent Directors at the next following general meeting. If all of the Independent Directors are resigned or removed, the Board shall hold, within sixty (60) days from the date of resignation or removal of last Independent Director, a general meeting to elect succeeding Independent Directors to fill the vacancies.

**35.4** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, if the number of Directors is less than seven (7) persons due to the vacancy of Director(s) for any reason, the Company shall call an election of Director(s) at the next following general meeting to fill the vacancies. When the number of vacancies in the Board of the Company equals to one third of the total number of Directors elected, the Board shall hold, within sixty (60) days from the date of the occurrence of vacancies, a general meeting to elect succeeding Directors to fill the vacancies.

**35.5** Any corporation (or other legal entity) which is a Member shall be entitled to appoint such person or persons as its representative to be elected as a Director (the "**Appointed Representative**"). The election of an Appointed Representative as a Director is subject to the approval of Members in accordance with the provisions of this Article 35.

**35.6** Where the Appointed Representative has been elected as a Director of the Company, the corporation (or other legal entity) which is a Member which has appointed the Appointed Representative to be elected as a Director, may at any time, serve notice on the Company giving notice to replace the Appointed Representative with another person. Such replacement of the Appointed Representative as a Director (the "**Replacement**") shall take effect from the date specified in the notice or in the absence of such date, from the date on which the notice was served on the Company, and will not require any shareholders' approval. Accordingly, Articles 35.1, 35.2 and 35.5 do not apply in respect of the Replacement.

## **36. Removal of Directors**

**36.1** The Company may from time to time by Supermajority Resolution remove any Director from office. Where re-election of all Directors is effected by a general meeting prior to the expiration of the term of office of existing Directors, the term of office of all current Directors is deemed to have expired on the date of the re-election or any other date as otherwise resolved by the Members at the general meeting if the Members do not resolve that all current Directors will only retire at the expiration of their present term of office. Members present in person or by proxy, representing more than one-half of the total issued shares shall constitute a quorum for any general meeting to re-elect all Directors.



**36.2** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEx or TSE, in case a Director has, in the course of performing his duties, committed any act resulting in material damages to the Company or is in serious violation of applicable laws, regulations and/or the Articles, but has not been removed by a Supermajority Resolution, the Member(s) holding three per cent (3%) or more of the total number of issued shares of the Company may, within thirty (30) days after such general meeting, to the extent permissible under Applicable Law, institute a lawsuit to remove such Director. The Taiwan Taipei District Court, ROC, may be the court for this matter.

### **37. Vacation of Office of Director**

37.1 The office of Director shall be vacated:

- (a) if the Director is removed from office pursuant to the Articles;
- (b) if the Director dies;
- (c) if the Director is automatically discharged from his office in accordance with Article 34.3;
- (d) if the Director resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company;
- (e) if the Director is the subject of a court order for his removal in accordance with Article 36.2; or
- (f) with immediate effect without any action required on behalf of the Company if
  - (i) the Director has been adjudicated bankrupt or adjudicated of the commencement of liquidation process by a court, and has not been reinstated to his rights and privileges;
  - (ii) an order is made by any competent court or official on the grounds that the Director has no legal capacity, or his legal capacity is restricted according to Applicable Law;
  - (iii) the Director has committed an offence as specified in the ROC statute of prevention of organizational crimes and subsequently convicted of a crime, and has not started serving the sentence, has not completed serving the sentence, or five years have not elapsed since completion of serving the sentence, expiration of the probation, or pardon;;
  - (iv) the Director has committed an offence in terms of fraud, breach of trust or misappropriation and subsequently has been punished with imprisonment for a term of more than one year, and has not started serving the sentence, has not completed serving the sentence, or two years have not elapsed since completion of serving the sentence, expiration of the probation, or pardon;
  - (v) the Director has been adjudicated guilty by a final judgment for misappropriating public funds during the time of his public service or having committed the offense as specified in the Anti-corruption Act, and has not started serving the sentence, has not completed serving the sentence, or two years have not elapsed since completion of serving the sentence, expiration of the probation, or pardon;
  - (vi) the Director has been dishonored for use of credit instruments, and the term of such sanction has not expired yet, or
  - (vii) the Director has been adjudicated of the commencement of assistantship and such assistantship having not been revoked yet.

In the event that any of the foregoing events specified in Article 37.1(f) has occurred in relation to a candidate for election of Director, such person shall be disqualified from being elected as a Director.



- 37.2 In case a Director (excluding independent directors) has, during the term of office as a Director, transferred more than one half of the Company's shares being held by him at the time he is elected, he shall, ipso facto, be removed automatically from the position of Director with immediate effect and no shareholders' approval shall be required.
- 37.3 If any Director (excluding independent directors) has, after having been elected as a Director and before his inauguration of the office of director, transferred more than one half of the Company's shares being held by him at the time of his election as a Director, then he shall immediately cease to be a Director and no shareholders' approval shall be required. If any Director has transferred more than one half of the Company's shares then being held by him within the share transfer prohibition period prior to a shareholders' meeting according to the Applicable Public Company Rules, then he shall immediately cease to be a Director and no shareholders' approval shall be required.

### **38. Compensation of Directors**

- 38.1 For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Board shall, in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, establish a Compensation Committee comprised of at least three members, one of whom shall be an Independent Director. The professional qualifications of the members of the Compensation Committee, the responsibilities, powers and other related matters of the Compensation Committee shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules. Upon the establishment of the Compensation Committee, the Board shall, by a resolution, adopt a charter for the Compensation Committee the provisions of which shall be consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules. Before the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Board may resolve to establish a Compensation Committee.
- 38.2 The compensation referred in the preceding Article shall include the compensation, stock option and other incentive payments of Directors and managers of the Company.
- 38.3 The compensation of the Directors may be decided by the Board by reference to recommendation made by the Compensation Committee, the standard generally adopted by other enterprises in the same industry, and shall be paid in cash only. The Directors may also be paid all travel, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from the meetings of the Board, any committee appointed by the Board, general meetings of the Company, or in connection with the business of the Company or their duties as Directors generally. A Director is also entitled to distribution of profits of the Company if permitted by the Law, the Applicable Public Company Rules, the service agreement or other similar contract that he/she has entered into with the Company.

### **39. Defect in Election of Director**

Subject to Article 23.4 and the Applicable Law, all acts done in good faith by the Board or by a committee of the Board or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the election of any Director, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly elected and was qualified to be a Director.

### **40. Directors to Manage Business**

The business of the Company shall be managed and conducted by the Board. In managing the business of the Company, the Board may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not, by Law or by the Articles, required to be exercised by the Company in general meeting subject, nevertheless, to the Articles, the provisions of the Law, and to such directions as may be prescribed



by the Company in general meeting.

#### **41. Powers of the Board of Directors**

Without limiting the generality of Article 40 and subject to the Applicable Law, the Board may:

- (a) appoint, suspend, or remove any manager, secretary, clerk, agent or employee of the Company and may fix their compensation and determine their duties;
- (b) exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge or otherwise grant a security interest in its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and may issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or any third party;
- (c) appoint one or more Directors to the office of managing director or chief executive officer of the Company, who shall, subject to the control of the Board, supervise and administer all of the general business and affairs of the Company;
- (d) appoint a person to act as manager of the Company's day-to-day business and may entrust to and confer upon such manager such powers and duties as it deems appropriate for the transaction or conduct of such business;
- (e) by power of attorney, appoint any company, firm, person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board, to be an attorney of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board) and for such period and subject to such conditions as it may think fit and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Board may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions so vested in the attorney. Such attorney may, if so authorised, execute any deed or instrument in any manner permitted by the Law;
- (f) procure that the Company pays all expenses incurred in promoting and incorporating the Company;
- (g) delegate any of its powers (including the power to sub-delegate) to a committee of one or more persons appointed by the Board and every such committee shall conform to such directions as the Board shall impose on them. Subject to any directions or regulations made by the Directors for this purpose, the meetings and proceedings of any such committee shall be governed by the provisions of the Articles regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Board;
- (h) delegate any of its powers (including the power to sub-delegate) to any person on such terms and in such manner as the Board sees fit;
- (i) present any petition and make any application in connection with the liquidation or reorganisation of the Company;
- (j) in connection with the issue of any share, pay such commission and brokerage as may be permitted by law; and
- (k) authorise any company, firm, person or body of persons to act on behalf of the Company for any specific purpose and in connection therewith to execute any agreement, document or instrument on behalf of the Company.

#### **42. Register of Directors and Officers**

**42.1** The Board shall cause to be kept in one or more books at the Registered Office a Register of



Directors and Officers in accordance with the Law and shall enter therein the following particulars with respect to each Director and Officer:

- (a) first name and surname; and
- (b) address.

**42.2** The Board shall, within the period of thirty days from the occurrence of:-

- (a) any change among its Directors and Officers; or
- (b) any change in the particulars contained in the Register of Directors and Officers, cause to be entered on the Register of Directors and Officers the particulars of such change and the date on which such change occurred, and shall notify the Registrar of Companies in accordance with the Law.

### **43. Officers**

The Officers shall consist of a Secretary and such additional Officers as the Board may determine all of whom shall be deemed to be Officers for the purposes of the Articles.

### **44. Appointment of Officers**

The Secretary (and additional Officers, if any) shall be appointed by the Board from time to time.

### **45. Duties of Officers**

The Officers shall have such powers and perform such duties in the management, business and affairs of the Company as may be delegated to them by the Board from time to time.

### **46. Compensation of Officers**

The Officers shall receive such compensation as the Board may determine.

### **47. Conflicts of Interest**

**47.1** Any Director, or any Director's firm, partner or any company with whom any Director is associated, may act in any capacity for, be employed by or render services to the Company and such Director or such Director's firm, partner or company shall be entitled to compensation as if such Director were not a Director; provided that this Article 47.1 shall not apply to Independent Directors.

**47.2** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Article 47, a Director who is directly or indirectly interested in any matter under discussion at a meeting of the Directors or a contract or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature and the essential contents of such interest at the relevant meeting of the Directors as required by the Applicable Law. The company shall state the important contents of director's interest whether complement or oppose in the M & A resolution as a convening of shareholders meeting. The contents may be posted on the website designated by the securities authority of the ROC or the Company, and the website address shall be set out in the notice.

**47.3** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Article 47, a Director who has a personal interest in the matter under discussion at a meeting of the Directors, which may conflict with and impair the interest of the Company, shall not vote nor exercise voting rights on behalf of another Director; where the spouse, a blood relative within the second degree of kinship of a director, or any company which has a controlling or subordinate relation with a



director has interests in the matters under discussion in the meeting of the preceding paragraph, such director shall be deemed to have a personal interest in the matter. The voting right of such Director who cannot vote or exercise any voting right as prescribed above shall not be counted in the number of votes of Directors present at the board meeting.

- 47.4** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Article 47, a Director who is engaged in anything on his own account or on behalf of another person, which is within the scope of the Company's business, shall explain to the Members in a general meeting the essential contents of such conduct and seek their approval by Supermajority Resolution.

#### **48. Indemnification and Exculpation of Directors and Officers**

- 48.1** The Directors and Officers of the Company and any trustee for the time being acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company and every former director, officer or trustee and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, and personal representatives (each of which persons being referred to in this Article as an "indemnified party") shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, or in their respective offices or trusts, and no indemnified party shall be answerable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of the others of them or for joining in any receipts for the sake of conformity, or for any bankers or other persons with whom any moneys or effects belonging to the Company shall or may be lodged or deposited for safe custody, or for insufficiency or deficiency of any security upon which any moneys of or belonging to the Company shall be placed out on or invested, or for any other loss, misfortune or damage which may happen in the execution of their respective offices or trusts, or in relation thereto, PROVIDED THAT this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud, dishonesty or breach of duties provided under Article 48.4 which may attach to any of the said persons.
- 48.2** The Company may purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of any Director or Officer of the Company against any liability incurred by him in his capacity as a Director or Officer of the Company or indemnifying such Director or Officer in respect of any loss arising or liability attaching to him by virtue of any rule of law in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust of which the Director or Officer may be guilty in relation to the Company or any Subsidiary thereof.
- 48.3** To the extent permitted under the laws of the Cayman Islands, Members continuously holding one per cent (1%) or more of the total issued shares of the Company for six months or longer may:
- (a) request in writing the Board to authorise any Independent Director of the Audit Committee to file a petition with the Taipei District Court, ROC for and on behalf of the Company against any of the Directors; or
  - (b) request in writing any Independent Director of the Audit Committee to file a petition for and on behalf of the Company against any of the Directors; the petition may be filed with the Taipei District Court, ROC as the court of litigation; or

the Member(s) may, to the extent permitted under the laws of the Cayman Islands, file a petition with the Taipei District Court, ROC for and on behalf of the Company against the relevant Directors within thirty (30) days after such Member(s) having made the request under the preceding clause (a) or (b) if (i) in the case of clause (a), the Board fails to make such authorisation or the Independent Director of the Audit Committee having been authorised by the Board fails to file such petition, or (ii) in the case of clause (b), the Independent Director



of the Audit Committee fails to file such petition.

- 48.4** Without prejudice and subject to the general directors' duties that a Director owe to the Company and its shareholders under common law principals and the laws of the Cayman Islands, a Director shall perform his fiduciary duties of loyalty and due care of a good administrator in the course of conducting the Company's business, and shall indemnify the Company, to the maximum extent legally permissible, from any loss incurred or suffered by the Company arising from breach of his fiduciary duties. If a Director has made any profit for the benefit of himself or any third party as a result of any breach of his fiduciary duties, the Company shall, if so resolved by the Members by way of an Ordinary Resolution, take all such actions and steps as may be appropriate and to the maximum extent legally permissible to seek to recover such profit from such relevant Director. If a Director has, in the course of conducting the Company's business, violated any laws or regulations that causes the Company to become liable for any compensation or damages to any person, such Director shall become jointly and severally liable for such compensation or damages with the Company and if any reason such Director is not made jointly and severally liable with the Company, such Director shall indemnify the Company for any loss incurred or suffered by the Company caused by a breach of duties by such Director. The Officers, in the course of performing their duties to the Company, shall assume such duties and obligations to indemnify the Company in the same manner as if they are Directors.

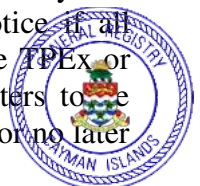
## MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### 49. Board Meetings

- 49.1** Board meetings shall be convened by the Chairman, and the Board may meet for the transaction of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings as it sees fit.
- 49.2** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Company shall hold regular meetings of the Board at least on a quarterly basis and such meetings shall be held in compliance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 49.3** A resolution put to the vote at a meeting of the Board shall be carried by the affirmative votes of a majority of the votes cast and in the case of an equality of votes the resolution shall fail.
- 49.4** The Directors shall be present in person or by proxy at meetings of the Board.
- 49.5** In case a director appoints another director to attend the board meeting by proxy, he/she shall issue a proxy form each time and list the scope of authorization for the convening event.
- 49.6** The foregoing proxy shall be limited to the appointment of one person only.

### 50. Notice of Board Meetings

- 50.1** The Chairman may, and the Secretary on the requisition of the Chairman shall, at any time summon a meeting of the Board.
- 50.2** Before the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, at least 48 hours prior notice shall be given for any meeting of the Board provided that in the case of urgent circumstances, a meeting of the Board may be convened on short notice, or be held anytime after notice has been given to every Director or be convened without prior notice if all Directors agree. For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, to convene a meeting of the Board, a notice setting forth therein the matters to be considered and if appropriate, approved at the meeting shall be given to each Director no later



than seven (7) days prior to the scheduled meeting date. However, in the case of urgent circumstances, the meeting may be convened with a shorter notice period in a manner consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules. For the purposes of this Article, a notice may be sent via electronic means if so agreed to by the Directors.

#### **51. Participation in Meetings by Video Conference**

Directors may participate in any meeting of the Board by means of video conference or other communication facilities, as permitted by the Applicable Law, where all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

#### **52. Quorum at Board Meetings**

The quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be more than one-half of the total number of the Directors.

#### **53. Board to Continue in the Event of Vacancy**

The Board may act notwithstanding any vacancy in its number.

#### **54. Chairman to Preside**

The Chairman, if there be one, shall act as chairman at all meetings of the Board at which such person is present. In his absence a chairman shall be appointed or elected in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

#### **55. Validity of Prior Acts of the Board**

No regulation or alteration to the Articles made by the Company in general meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that regulation or alteration had not been made.

### **CORPORATE RECORDS**

#### **56. Minutes**

The Board shall cause minutes to be duly entered in books provided for the purpose:

- (a) of all elections and appointments of Officers;
- (b) of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Board and of any committee appointed by the Board; and
- (c) of all resolutions and proceedings of general meetings of the Members, meetings of the Board, meetings of managers and meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

#### **57. Register of Mortgages and Charges**

**57.1** The Directors shall cause to be kept the Register of Mortgages and Charges required by the Law.

**57.2** The Register of Mortgages and Charges shall be open to inspection by Members and creditors in accordance with the Law, at the Registered Office on every business day in the Cayman Islands, subject to such reasonable restrictions as the Board may impose, so that not less than



two (2) hours in each such business day be allowed for inspection.

## **58. Form and Use of Seal**

- 58.1** The Seal shall only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors authorised by the Directors in that behalf; and, until otherwise determined by the Directors, the Seal shall be affixed in the presence of a Director or the Secretary or an assistant secretary or some other person authorised for this purpose by the Directors or the committee of Directors.
- 58.2** Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Seal may without further authority be affixed by way of authentication to any document required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands, and may be so affixed by any Director, Secretary or assistant secretary of the Company or any other person or institution having authority to file the document as aforesaid.
- 58.3** The Company may have one or more duplicate Seals, as permitted by the Law; and, if the Directors think fit, a duplicate Seal may bear on its face of the name of the country, territory, district or place where it is to be issued.

## **TENDER OFFER AND ACCOUNTS**

### **59. Tender Offer**

For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, within seven (7) days after the receipt of the copy of a tender offer application form and relevant documents by the Company or its Litigious and Non-Litigious Agent, the Board shall resolve to recommend to the Members whether to accept or object to the tender offer and make a public announcement of the following:

- (a) the types and number of the shares held by the Directors and the Members holding more than ten per cent (10%) of the total issued shares in their own names or in the names of other persons.
- (b) recommendations to the Members on the tender offer, which shall set forth the names of the Directors who abstain or object to the tender offer and the reason(s) therefor.
- (c) whether there is any material change in the financial condition of the Company after the submission of the latest financial report and an explanation of the change, if any.
- (d) the types, numbers and amount of the shares of the tender offeror or its affiliates held by the Directors and the Members holding more than ten per cent (10%) of the total number of issued shares held in their own names or in the name of other persons.

### **60. Books of Account**

**60.1** The Board shall cause to be kept proper records of account with respect to all transactions of the Company and in particular with respect to:

- (a) all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure relates;
- (b) all sales and purchases of goods by the Company; and
- (c) all assets and liabilities of the Company.

Such books of account shall be kept for at least five (5) years from the date they are prepared.

**60.2** Such records of account shall be kept and proper books of account shall not be deemed to be kept with respect to the matters aforesaid if there are not kept, at such place as the Board



thinks fit, such books as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to explain its transactions.

**60.3** The instruments of proxy, documents, forms/statements and information in electronic media prepared in accordance with the Articles and relevant rules and regulations shall be kept for at least one (1) year. However, if a Member institutes a lawsuit with respect to such instruments of proxy, documents, forms/statements and/or information mentioned herein, they shall be kept until the conclusion of the litigation if longer than one (1) year.

## **61. Financial Year End**

Unless the Directors otherwise specify, the financial year of the Company:

- (a) shall end on 31st December in the year of its incorporation and each following year; and
- (b) shall begin when it was incorporated and on 1st January each following year.

## **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

## **62. Number of Committee Members**

For so long as the shares are listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Board shall set up an Audit Committee. The Audit Committee shall comprise solely of Independent Directors and all Independent Directors shall be members of the Audit Committee. The number of committee members shall not be less than three (3). One of the Audit Committee members shall be appointed as the convener to convene meetings of the Audit Committee from time to time and at least one of the Audit Committee members shall have accounting or financial expertise. A valid resolution of the Audit Committee requires approval of one-half or more of all its members.

## **63. Powers of Audit Committee**

**63.1** The Audit Committee (if established) shall have the responsibilities and powers as specified under the Applicable Public Company Rules. Any of the following matters of the Company shall require the consent of one-half or more of all Audit Committee members and be submitted to the Board for resolution:

- (a) adoption of or amendment to an internal control system;
- (b) assessment of the effectiveness of the internal control system;
- (c) adoption of or amendment to the handling procedures for financial or operational actions of material significance, such as acquisition or disposal of assets, derivatives trading, extension of monetary loans to others, or endorsements or guarantees for others;
- (d) any matter relating to the personal interest of the Directors;
- (e) a material asset or derivatives transaction;
- (f) a material monetary loan, endorsement, or provision of guarantee;
- (g) the offering, issuance, or Private Placement of any equity-related securities;
- (h) the hiring or dismissal of an attesting certified public accountant, or the compensation given thereto;



- (i) the appointment or discharge of a financial, accounting, or internal auditing officer;
- (j) approval of annual and semi-annual financial reports (if applicable under the Applicable Public Company Rules); and
- (k) any other matter so determined by the Company from time to time or required by any competent authority overseeing the Company.

With the exception of item (j), any other matter that has not been approved with the consent of one-half or more of all Audit Committee members may be undertaken upon the consent of two-thirds or more of the members of the Board, and the resolution of the Audit Committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the Directors meeting.

**63.2** Subject to the Applicable Law and to the extent permitted under the laws of the Cayman Islands, the Independent Directors of the Audit Committee shall supervise the execution of business operations of the Company, and may at any time or from time to time investigate the business and financial conditions of the Company, examine the accounting books and documents, and request the Board or officers to report on matters referred to above. Subject to the Applicable Law and to the extent permitted under the laws of the Cayman Islands, the Board may authorise any Independent Director of the Audit Committee to appoint on behalf of the Company, a practicing lawyer and independent auditors to conduct the examination.

**63.3** The Audit Committee shall audit the various financial statements and records prepared by the Board for submission to the general meeting, and shall report their findings and opinions at such meeting.

**63.4** Before any resolution of merger/consolidation and acquisition by the Board of Directors, the Audit committee should review the fairness and reasonableness of the plan and transaction of the merger/consolidation or acquisition, and then to report the review results to the Board and if the resolution by the general meeting is required, to the general meeting.

a. When audit committee (or a special committee) reviews matters, it shall seek opinions from an independent expert on the justification of the share exchange ratio or distribution of cash or other assets.

b. The required particulars, review results of special committees or audit committees and opinions of independent experts in the merger/consolidation agreement, share exchange agreement, or division plan, which all shall be attached to shareholders' meeting notice. If a resolution of the merger/consolidation and acquisition adopted by the Board is excluded from a resolution by the general meeting and deemed to be unnecessary to make notification to shareholders in M&A, the Board of Directors shall submit reports for matters of the merger/consolidation and acquisition at the next closest general meeting.

The company shall send the documents of the merger/consolidation and acquisition to shareholders; if the company announced the same content as in those documents on a website designated by the competent securities authority and those documents are prepared in the company and at the venue of the general meeting by the company, those documents shall be deemed as having been sent to shareholders.

## VOLUNTARY DISSOLUTION AND WINDING-UP

### 64. Voluntary Dissolution and Winding-Up



**64.1** The Company may be voluntarily wound-up in accordance with Article 12.4.

**64.2** If the Company shall be wound up the liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution, divide amongst the Members in specie or in kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and may, for such purpose, set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the Members or different classes of Members subject to the Applicable Law. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in the trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the Members as the liquidator shall think fit, but so that no Member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities or assets whereon there is any liability.

## **CHANGES TO CONSTITUTION**

### **65. Changes to Articles**

Subject to the Law, Applicable Public Company Rules and to the conditions contained in its Memorandum, the Company may, by Special Resolution, alter or add to its Articles.

## **LITIGIOUS AND NON-LITIGIOUS AGENT**

### **66. Appointment of Litigious and Non-Litigious Agent**

For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the Company shall appoint a Litigious and Non-Litigious Agent pursuant to the Applicable Law to act as the Company's responsible person in the ROC under the Securities and Exchange Law of the ROC to handle matters stipulated in the Securities and Exchange Law of the ROC and the relevant rules and regulations thereto. The Litigious and Non-Litigious Agent shall be an individual who has a residence or domicile in the ROC.

## **OTHERS**

### **67. ROC Securities Laws and Regulations**

**67.1** For so long as the shares are traded on the ESM or listed on the TPEX or TSE, the qualifications, composition, appointment, removal, exercise of functions and other matters with respect to the Directors, Independent Directors, Compensation Committee and Audit Committee which are required to be followed by the Company shall comply with the applicable ROC securities laws and regulations.

**67.2** For the purpose of performing corporate social responsibility, the Company shall follow the applicable laws, regulations and business ethics in operating its businesses and may conduct practices to facilitate public interests.



### C. Shareholdings of Directors

1. As of the date of book transfer closure ( April 13, 2026 ) , the total number of issued shares of the company was 35,478,473 shares.

2. As of the closing date of this shareholders' meeting, the number of shares held by individual and all directors as recorded in the shareholder register is as follows:

Title	Name / Representative	Shares	Percentage of total issued shares %
Director	Eng Synergy Management Sdn. Bhd.	11,700,000	32.98
	Representative: Eng Kai Pin	81,900	0.23
Director	Surging Success Sdn. Bhd.	2,285,000	6.44
	Representative: Poa Keng Ling	28,050	0.08
Director	Liao Wei Chuan	-	-
Director	Chang Ming Huang	-	-
Independent Director	Chou Chih Yuan	-	-
Independent Director	Huang Chi Jui	-	-
Independent Director	Tay Puay Chuan	-	-